

THE CLASS OF '55

THE FIRST COURSE



Class L7152

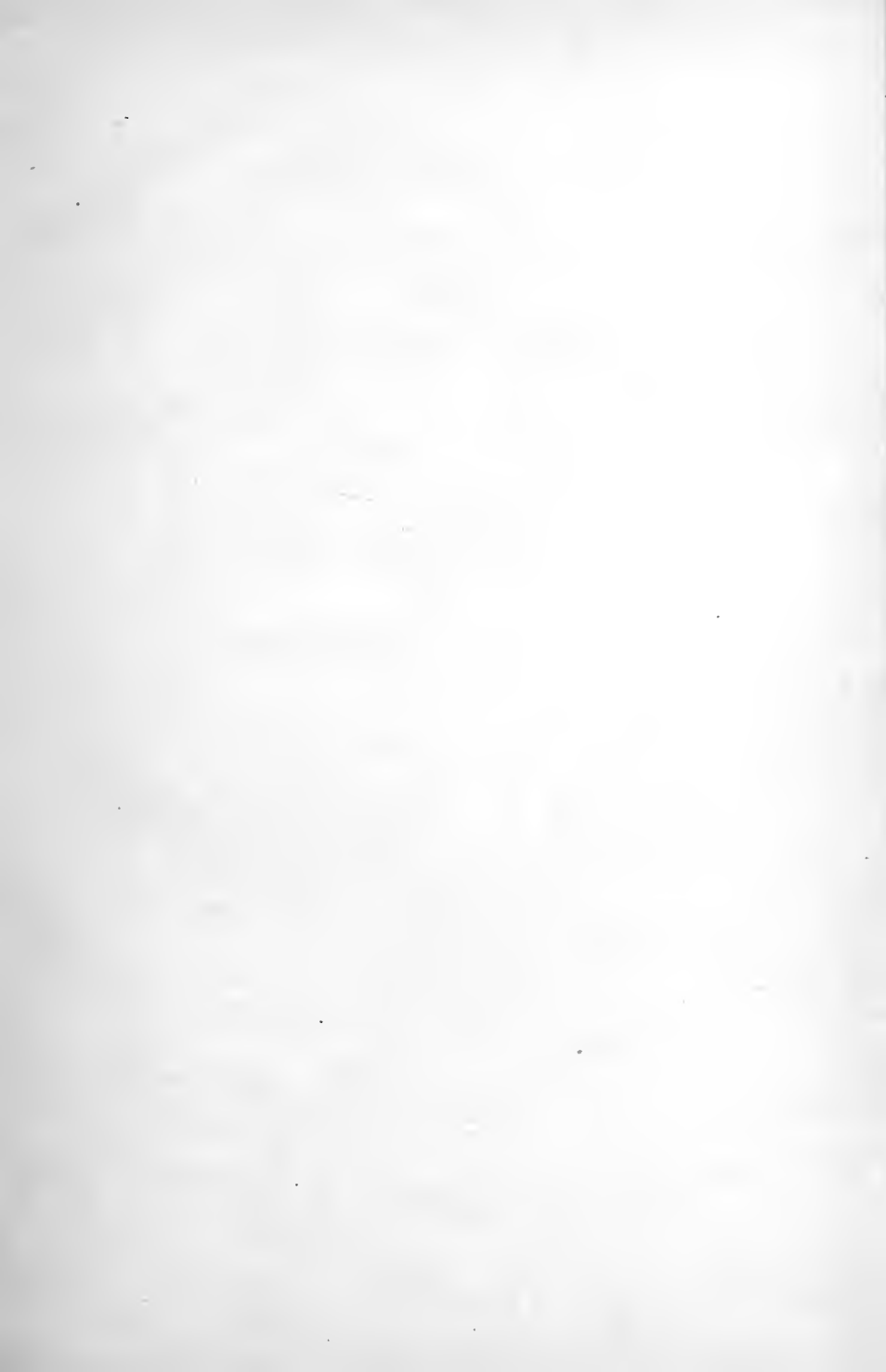
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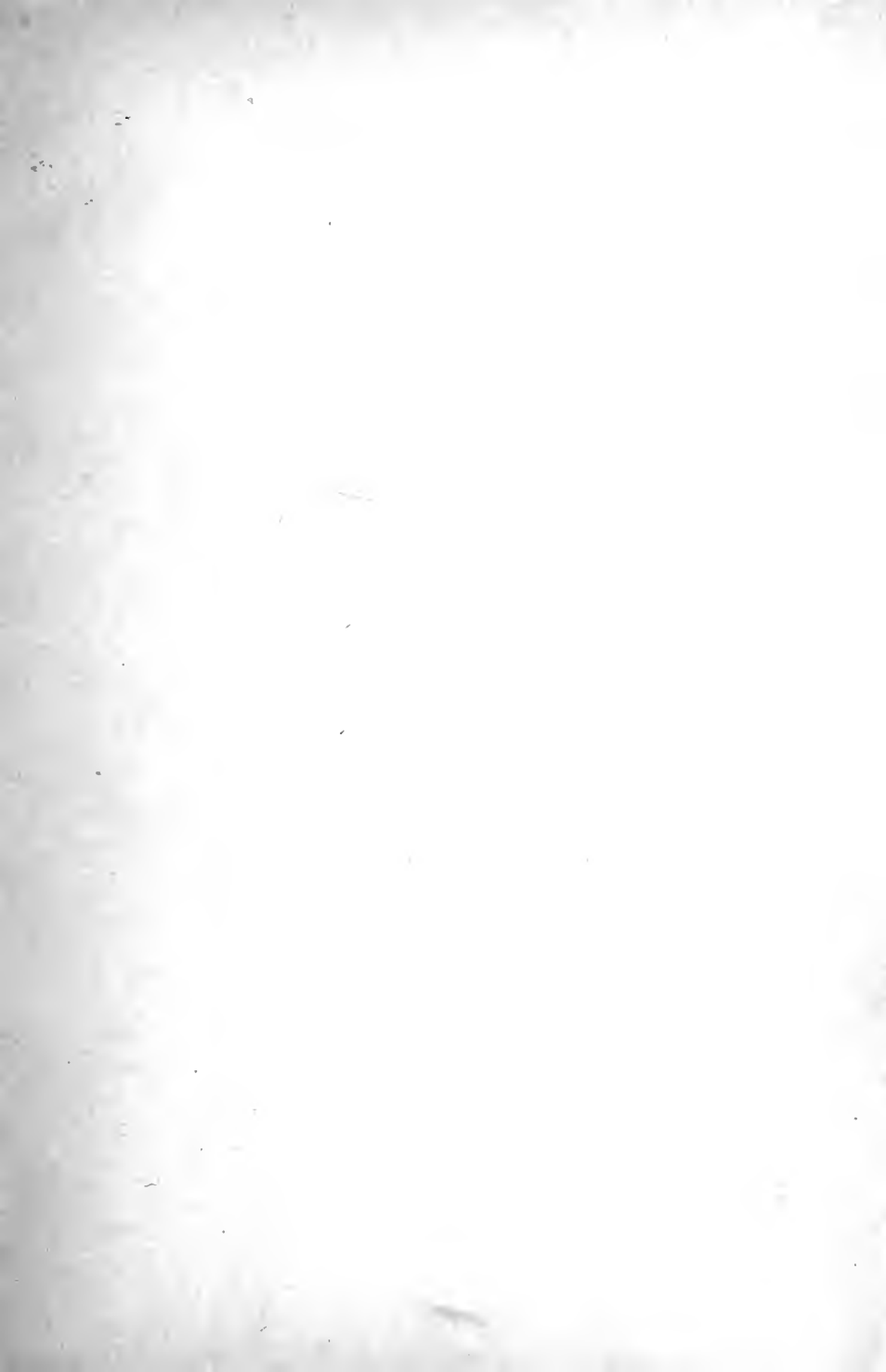
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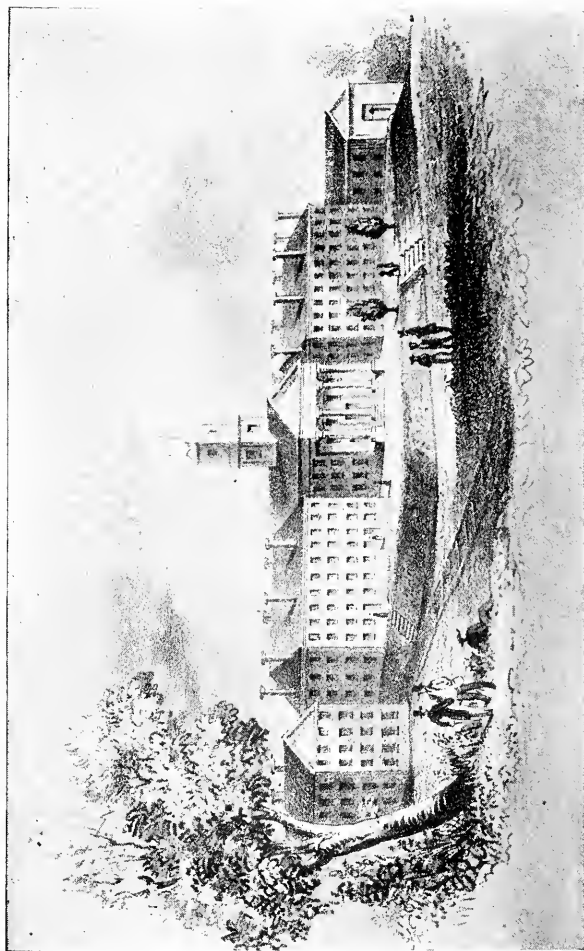
Presented by the Editor

W. L. Montague

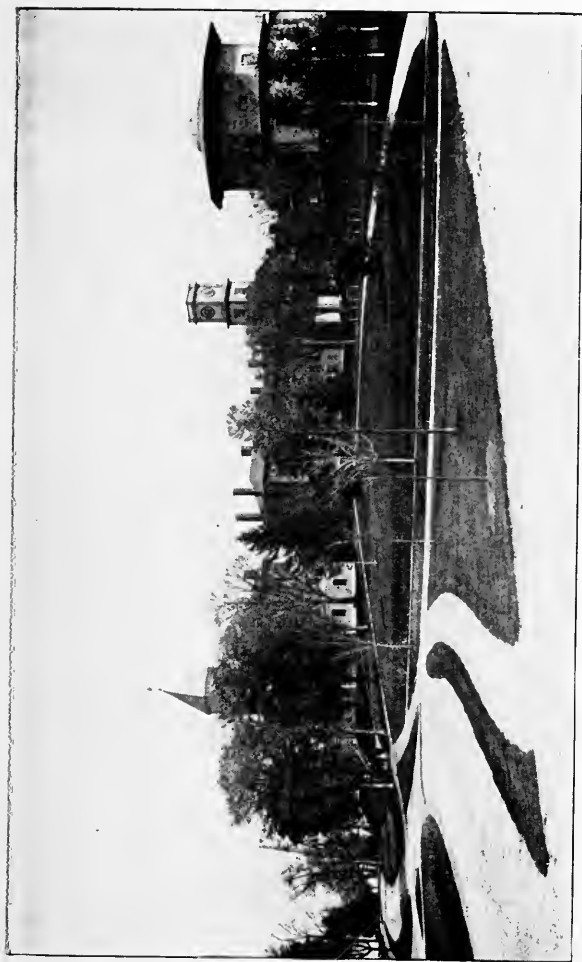








AMHERST COLLEGE IN 1855.



AMHERST COLLEGE IN 1905
It has Sixteen Public Buildings and Six Dwelling Houses.

Amherst College, Class of 1855

HALF CENTURY RECORD

OF THE

Class of "Fifty-Five"

AMHERST COLLEGE

1855-1905

EDITED BY THE SECRETARY

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AMHERST, MASS.
PRINTED FOR THE CLASS
1905

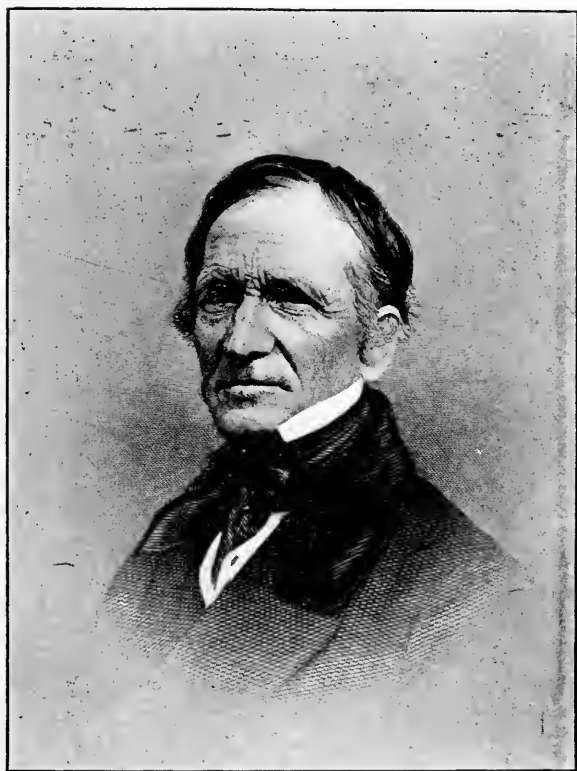
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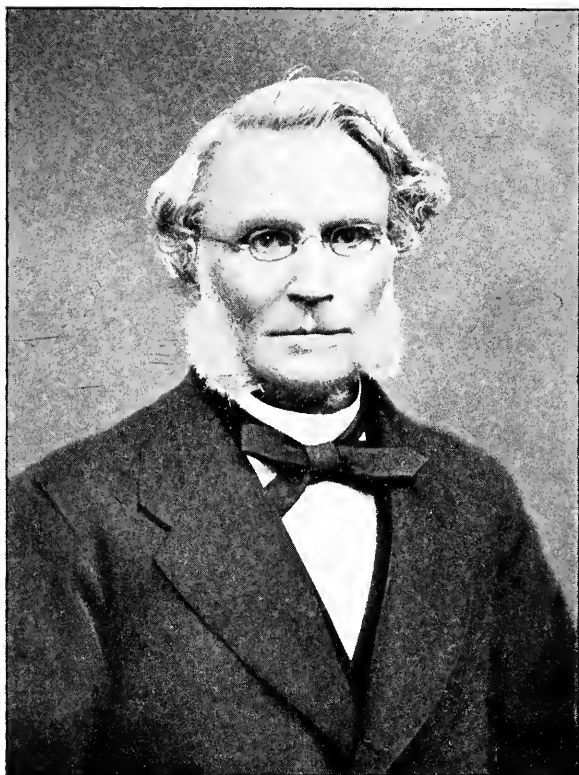
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CARPENTER & MOREHOUSE, PRINTERS, AMHERST, MASS.

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EDWARD HITCHCOCK.
Our President, 1851—1854.



WILLIAM A. STEARNS.

Our President, 1854—1855.

[From the photograph from which his portrait was painted in 1876 by N. B. Kittells of New York, and presented to the College Library by the Class of 1855.]

Greeting.

MY DEAR CLASSMATES :—

The work which you assigned to me on the 27th of June was undertaken cheerfully, and it has been performed with pleasure. I have always taken a deep interest in the career of every member of the class from the day of graduation until the present time, and have kept a record in my class book of such facts as have from time to time come to my knowledge. Not only that, but I have also written hundreds of letters in my endeavor to keep in touch with all, even those who for a time were numbered with us but did not graduate. Some may have regarded these persistent appeals as unwelcome calls, but most of the fellows have responded with a willing mind. Only one alumnus and one non-graduate whose address could be ascertained, has failed, through natural inertia or indifference, to make any response to these repeated tokens of fraternal interest.

This *Record* may be considered as a supplement to the *Quarter-centennial Record* of the class, published in 1880. For a complete sketch of each life it will be necessary to consult the former record. A few statistics and a brief summary of facts recorded in that book are repeated in this. Such additional facts as members have been willing to give, or I have been able to obtain, will serve to make the volume a reasonably complete account of the work of the class during the past fifty years.

We have no inclination to boastfulness, but the simple fact may be stated that the class of '55 was one of the largest in number and highest in scholarship that graduated at Amherst previous to the year 1862. Only the classes of '31 and '39 exceeded ours in number, the former by four and the latter by two, while none exceeded our number of thirty-two elected to membership in Phi Beta Kappa.

Surely in no class has there been closer fellowship, more manly, upright character and greater loyalty to truth and duty. It is a notable fact that seventeen of our number made a public profession of faith while in college, and that nearly every graduate has since been active in Christian work. We have no embezzler, no political "boss," no one who has become rich by "graft," but men of honest purpose and faithful work. We may not have realized the dream of youthful ambition, but we have tried to do our duty in the places to which Providence assigned us.

We tell our personal story, not to the outside world, but to one another, as in a family circle, for our mutual comfort and encouragement, and because of our common interest in every one who has been so intimately connected with us in college life. The pictures, also, we give to each other, as brothers exchange photographs, which may be preserved as souvenirs and valued by children and personal friends.

Everyone will look with pleasure on the familiar features of our college presidents, Hitchcock, the scientist, and Stearns, the Christian gentleman and scholar, both beloved and revered by us all.

The changes which have been made in the external appearance of our Alma Mater will be noted by contrasting the pictures of Amherst college in 1855 and in 1905. The former and the picture of President Hitchcock are inserted by favor of the printers, Messrs. Carpenter & Morehouse.

Trusting that the entire work, including the Historical Supplement, will meet the unanimous approval of the surviving members of '55, I remain, as ever,

Yours cordially and faithfully,

W. L. MONTAGUE,

Secretary of '55.

Amherst, Mass., Aug. 28, 1905.

1855—1905.

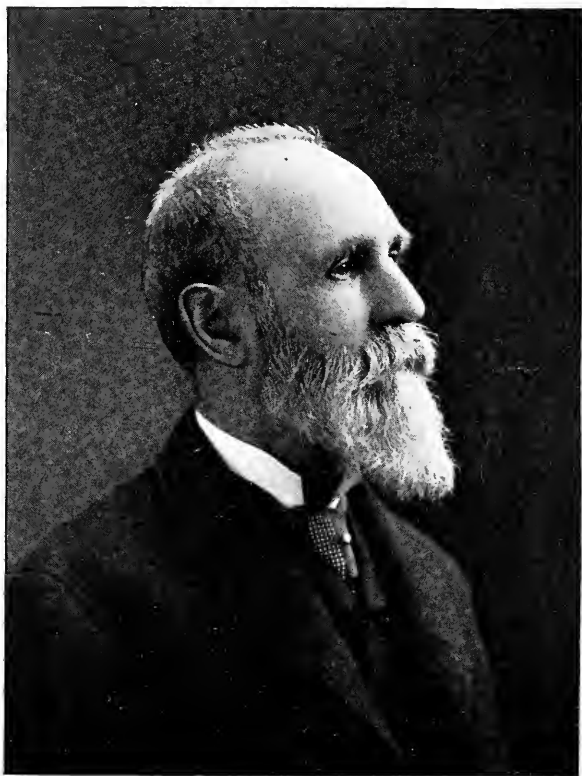
Biographical Record

CLASS OF 1855.

Samuel Mayes Arnell was born in Maury county, Tenn., May 3, 1833. He was a member of the college two terms, 1852—1853, but took a special course with Tutor Howland. He studied law and practiced his profession in Columbia, Tenn., till his death in 1901. Though in Amherst only a few months, he said of the college: "She gave me vastly more than training; she filled me with New England ideas," ideas which he has made to live where he has lived. Many of them were incorporated by him in the statutes which made Tennessee a free commonwealth. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Tennessee in 1865; member of the Legislature, 1865—1866; member of the U. S. Congress, 39th, 40th and 41st.

He married, Nov. 15, 1855, Cornelia C. Orton of Columbia, Tenn. They had eight children.

David Cornelius Ayres was born in Granby, Jan. 27, 1833. He left Amherst, "took dismissal," at the close of Sophomore year, and studied medicine at Ann Arbor, Mich., but did not graduate; engaged in teaching and the practice of medicine at Minneapolis, Minn., and in keeping a drug store at Washington Heights, N. Y. Entering the army as hospital steward, he



RUFUS CHANDLER BAILEY.

was located at Nashville, Tenn. His friends have heard nothing from him since the day of Lee's surrender. They suppose that "he went west and died."

He married, April, 1859, Julia Kellogg of South Hadley, Mass. His wife and only child died in April, 1865.

Rufus Chandler Bailey, born in Auburn, Me., July 28, 1833, entered the scientific department in 1854. After graduating, he was engaged in civil engineering until 1858; then studied law until 1860, meanwhile teaching two terms, and was admitted to the bar, Aug. 18, 1860. He practiced his profession in Rockford, Ill., from 1860 to Aug. 15, 1873, when he was appointed judge of Winnebago county, Ill., a position which he still holds, residing in Rockford.

He married, Oct. 5, 1885, Emma L. Trufant, who passed away at their home in Rockford, Ill., April 11, 1905, soon after their return from California, where she had been for the winter, in the hope of benefit to her health.

Charles Baker, born in Phillipston, Mass., in July, 1828, left college at the end of the first term of Freshman year, and engaged in the lumber business in Worcester, Mass. He married, Sept. 1, 1863, Elentheria Manley of Hardwick, Mass., and had six children. The youngest son died, Dec. 14, 1895. Mr. Baker died of heart disease, Sept. 18, 1896. His widow still resides in Worcester.

John Dempster Bell, born in Weedsport, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1831, was in Genesee college three years, and entered Amherst in 1854, second term of Junior year. After graduation he taught school one year in Owego, N. Y., then studied theology and became a Methodist minister, and preached in various places, east and west, from 1857 to 1872. From 1873 to 1875 he was a Presbyterian home missionary in Cañon City,

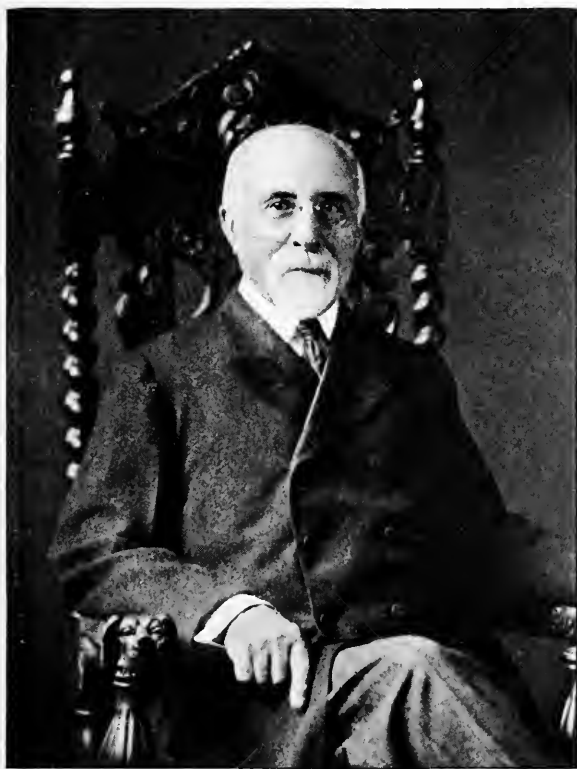
Col., and superintendent of schools for Fremont county, and in 1877 and 1878 he was a preacher in Pueblo, Col. Compelled by chronic bronchitis to retire permanently from the ministry, he devoted the rest of his life to literary pursuits, residing in Los Angeles, Cal., until 1884, and in Denver, Colo., until his death from bronchial consumption, Nov. 24, 1886.

He was the author of *A Man*, *The Great Slighted Fortune*, *The Edson Papers* and *Suggestions for a Restless Age*. He also edited *The National New Yorker*, Canandaigua, N. Y., 1855 and 1856, and the Milford (Mass.) *Journal* in 1865 and 1866.

He was thrice married. The third wife, Priscilla T. Pollock, with two of his four children, survived him.

Eli Gilbert Bennett, born at Georgetown, Conn., Feb. 2, 1831, entered Amherst in 1851. After graduating, he was engaged as a clerk for his father's firm until 1860, when he started in business as a merchant on his own account. In 1870 he built a store 70x24 feet, on the site of the old red store, and continued in business there till August, 1881, when he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., and became bookkeeper for the Gilbert & Bennett Manufacturing Co. (iron wire, etc.), of New York city. He remained there till 1903, when he retired. He has a wife, Mary Esther Birchard of Milton, Conn., whom he married May 4, 1859, and five children, all living, three married, and four grandchildren. He is orthodox in religious belief, and Republican in politics.

Edwin Cone Bissell was born at Schoharie, N. Y., March 2, 1832. After teaching one year at Williston seminary, he entered Union Theological seminary, and graduated there in 1859. During his pastorate at Westhampton, Mass., 1859—1864, he enlisted in the 52d regiment, Mass. Vols., raised a company of ninety men in Westhampton and vicinity, was com-



ELI GILBERT BENNETT.



EDWIN CONE BISSELL.

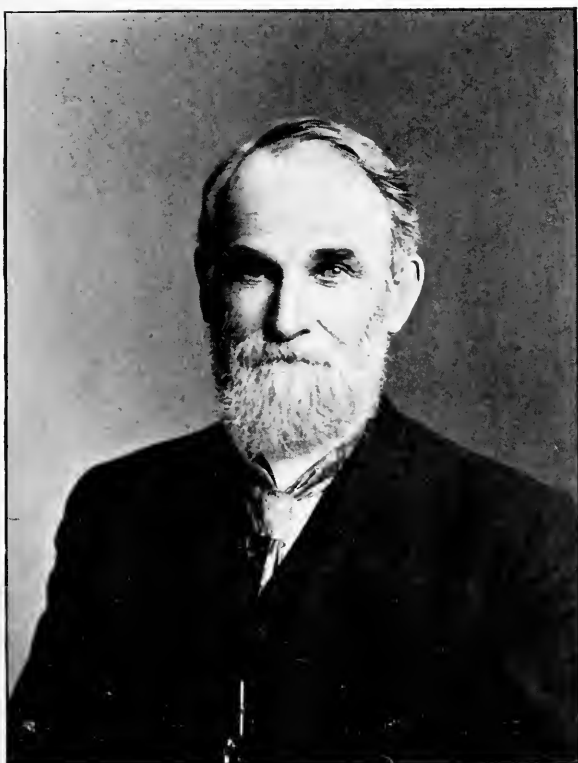
missioned captain of Co. K, and served one year (1862—1863) in Louisiana, under Gen. Banks, taking part in the expedition that resulted in the capture of Port Hudson. From 1864 to 1869 he was pastor of the Green street Congregational church in San Francisco, including ten months' service as acting pastor in Honolulu, H. I.; pastor at Winchester, Mass., two years, and missionary of the A. B. C. F. M. in Gratz, Austria, 1874—1879. After a year of special study in Leipsic, Germany, he entered upon his duties as professor of Hebrew and Old Testament Exegesis in Hartford Theological seminary, Sept. 9, 1881. "His inaugural address was a most scholarly presentation of the question of the authorship of the early Hebrew Scriptures. For depth, clearness and vigor of thought, and for an earnest presentation of a most profound theme, it elicited the most hearty praise." After eleven years of efficient service he accepted a call to the McCormick Theological seminary, Chicago, Ill., as professor of Old Testament Exegesis and Literature, which position he held until his death from typhoid pneumonia, April 10, 1894.

"Dr. Bissell was a thorough student, and was an authority on the subjects of which he treated." He was associate editor of *The Pacific* two years. His published works include a *Practical Hebrew Grammar*, *The Historic Origin of the Bible*, *The Apocrypha* (in Lange's Series of Commentaries), *The Pentateuch, its Origin and Structure*, *Biblical Antiquities*, and *Genesis in Colors*. He received the degree of D.D. from Amherst college in 1874, and LL.D. from Lake Forest university in 1893. His wife, Emily Pomeroy of Somers, Conn., whom he married Sept. 6, 1859, is living in her own house, 180 Marion street, Springfield, Mass.

Joseph Boardman, born at Amesbury, Mass., June 18, 1833, taught two years before entering Andover Theological seminary, where he graduated in 1860. He has since been pastor in various churches in Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont. His longest pastorate was in Barnet, Vt. His last pastorate was at Roxbury, Vt., where his wife, Mary M. Withington of Newbury, Mass., died May 11, 1902. Mr. Boardman retired from pastoral work in January, 1904, and has since resided with his eldest daughter (Mary), Mrs. Alfred Stanley, in Plymouth, N. H. He has published *Proportionate Giving*. Five of his eight children are living. Anna is unmarried. William J. graduated at Amherst in 1895, has been business manager of *The Critic*, and is now advertising agent for a firm in Philadelphia. Richard graduated from Dartmouth in 1897, and is now member of a law firm in Jersey City, N. J. His fourth son, Philip Eliot, lived only nine weeks. His fifth son, Joseph, Jr., born Jan. 15, 1885, is now a Junior in Brown university.

Albert Henry Bridgman, born in Belchertown, Mass., Jan. 6, 1832. studied law, and practiced in Maysville, Iowa, from April, 1857, until Aug. 14, 1862, when he enlisted in Co. H, 32d Iowa infantry, served with the "Army of the Tennessee" in the valley of the Mississippi, and was mustered out of the U. S. service July 21, 1865.

With impaired health he engaged for a time in teaching and farming, but since 1873 has been a railway postal clerk, with residence at Pekin, Ill., where his beloved wife, Josephine Hartness of New York city, whom he married Feb. 10, 1859, died Oct. 10, 1894. His ninth child, Laura Josephine, was born May 12, 1881. He has five children living, all in good health and prospering, also nine grandchildren, all away from him, so that he is quite alone in the world.



ALBERT HENRY BRIDGMAN.

He has been a frequent contributor to newspapers, and was for a time editor of the Paxton (Ill.) *Record*.

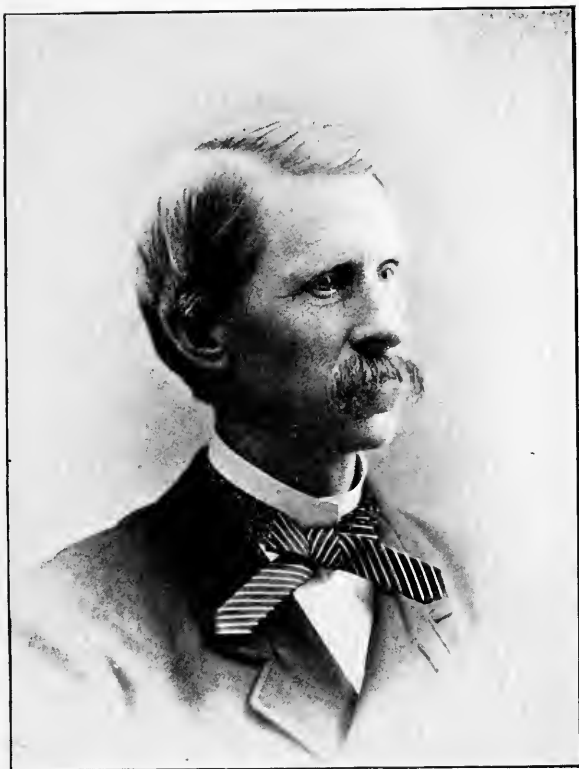
His youngest daughter is a fine elocutionist, very popular as a public reader. His son, Arthur, has been engaged in the Y. M. C. A. work during the past fifteen years, and is now general field secretary for the states of North and South Carolina.

Francis Frederick Brown was born at Sudbury, Mass., Aug. 12, 1834. After graduation, he engaged in teaching for three years, then studied medicine and graduated at the Berkshire Medical school in 1862. After serving as assistant surgeon in the 48th Mass. V. M. at Baton Rouge and Port Hudson, nine months, he settled as a practicing physician in Reading, Mass., where he continued in the active work of his profession until his death from pneumonia, Jan. 13, 1890.

He married, June 7, 1865, Emma M. Clapp of Dorchester, Mass., who is still living at their former home, 22 Lowell street, Reading. Two daughters reside at home with her. One, Bertha L., is librarian of the Reading public library. The other, Helen A., is a teacher of German and music—piano. The eldest daughter, Mabel F., is the wife of Dr. S. H. Parks, a practicing physician in Reading. Her son, Clarence C., graduated at Mass. Institute of Technology, is with the Bell Telephone Co. in Philadelphia, is married, and resides in Germantown, Pa.

Samuel Edward Brown was born in Owego, N. Y., Nov. 26, 1833. He was admitted to the bar in his native town and practiced there one year (1857—1858), then removed to Davenport, Iowa, where he had an extensive and lucrative practice.

In 1882 he removed to New York city, where he was the attorney of the Long Island R. R. Co. until his death from cancer of the throat, at Hempstead, L. I., Feb. 17, 1891.



FRANCIS FREDERICK BROWN.

He was married, Aug. 17, 1859, to Mary L. Davis of Owego, N. Y., who with six of their eight children survived him. Mrs. Brown died Nov. 1, 1901. Four of the children are still living. Pierre M., a graduate of the New York Law school; Albert W. and Arthur W., graduates of Cornell university. Albert is with Pierre, (P. O. address 192 Broadway, New York), Arthur is a lieutenant in the regular army, and Anna W. resides at 31 West Front street, Owego, Tioga county, N. Y.

Charles Wentworth Buck, born at Hamden, Me., Aug. 19, 1833, engaged for a time in teaching, then studied law in Boston, and practiced in St. Louis, Mo., one year, in connection with his brother. In September, 1860, he left the practice of law and studied theology, graduating in 1862 at the Divinity school in Meadville, Pa. After supplying the Unitarian church in Plymouth, Mass., he was settled as pastor in Fall River, Mass., from December, 1863, to June, 1868, and Portland, Me., Second Unitarian society, December, 1868, to December, 1879. In 1880, "his pulpit voice having quite given out," he removed to Leadville, Colo., to engage in business; was superintendent of mines, 1880—1882, then returned to Massachusetts, and since that time has been proof reader at the University Press, Cambridge, Mass. Residence, 8 Mason street.

He was married, Dec. 29, 1863, to Mary E. Stearns of Cambridge, Mass., and has had six children, four of whom are living, unmarried.

John Curtis Caldwell, born at Lowell, Vt., April 17, 1833, was principal of Washington academy, East Machias, Me., from 1855 to 1861, when he was commissioned colonel of the 11th Maine infantry, was promoted to brigadier general, 1st brigade, 1st division, 2d army corps, April 28, 1862, and brevetted major general in 1864. He participated in twenty-

five battles, including Fredericksburg, in which he was slightly wounded, Antietam and Gettysburg. He was one of the guard of honor to escort the body of President Lincoln to Springfield, Ill.; was president of the military commission in Washington, D. C., 1864 to 1866; admitted to the bar in Ellsworth, Me., in 1866; was adjutant general for the state of Maine from 1867 to 1869, then consul at Valparaiso, Chili, 1869 to 1874, and U. S. Minister at Montevideo, Uruguay, from 1874 to 1882. Returning to the States in 1882, he engaged in the practice of law in Topeka, Kan., from 1882 to 1885; was chairman of Kansas State board of pardons, 1885 to 1893; secretary, 1895 to 1897, and has been consul at San José, Costa Rica, since 1897.

He married, May 15, 1857, Martha H. Foster of East Machias, Me. Of their eight children only three are living.

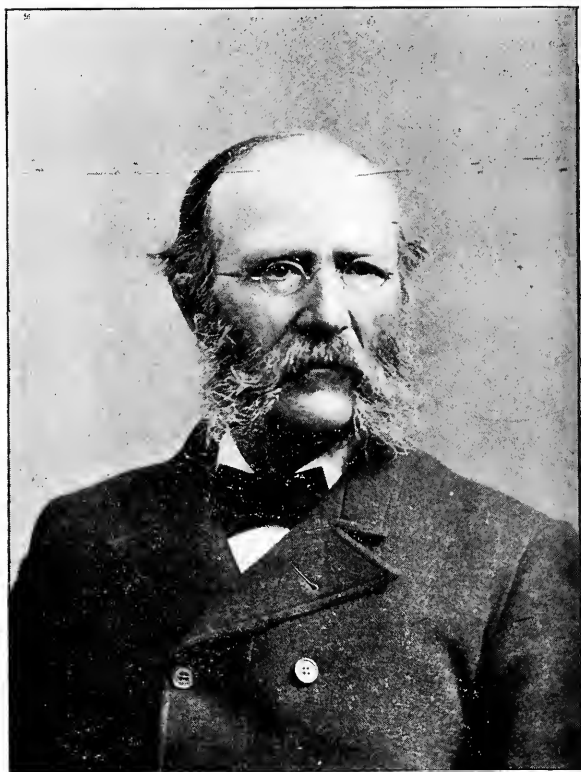
Rufus Choate, Jr., born in Salem, Mass., May 14, 1834, studied law in the office of his father, was admitted to the bar in 1858, and practiced his profession in Boston with success until 1861, when he was commissioned second lieutenant in the 2d Mass. Vol. infantry, May 28. With his regiment, the first in the country organized "for three years or the war," he participated in several engagements, including that of Cedar Mountain, where he was assisted to the field from a sick bed, and that of Antietam. After the latter he was promoted to a captaincy, his commission bearing the date of the battle, Sept. 17, 1862. Repeated and violent attacks of neuralgia, aggravated by hardship and exposure, compelled him to resign his commission, Oct. 31, 1862. From that time his sufferings, of great severity, were borne with unflinching fortitude until his death from softening of the brain, at Dorchester, Mass., Jan. 15, 1866.



RUFUS CHOATE, JR.

In 1864.





JOHN JAY COLTON.

James Thornton Cobb, born at Amherst, Mass., Dec. 15, 1833, was a member of the class seven terms (1851—1853). Leaving at the end of the first term Junior year, he graduated at Dartmouth college in 1855, was for a time a broker in Boston, then a teacher in Prescott, Wis., and afterwards (1875) editor of paper (gentile) in Salt Lake City, Utah. Dartmouth authorities report that he is still living in the same city, where he is a journalist. The City Recorder of Salt Lake City gives his residence at 137 Third street, but several letters to that address have not been answered nor returned.

John Jay Colton, born in Georgia, Vt., May 12, 1830, was engaged in teaching from 1855 to 1864, when he became paymaster's clerk in the army, and later paymaster, stationed in Philadelphia. Mustered out of the service in 1865, he turned his attention to the study of medicine, and graduated at the University of Pennsylvania, M. D., in 1869. During a part of this time, and until 1871, he made use of nitrous oxide gas in surgical and dental operations in more than 8,000 cases, the teeth being extracted by a dentist. From 1872 to 1875 he was in the drug business in Boston, and since that time has been practicing medicine at Lowell, Mass., at 49 Varnum avenue.

He is the author of a book, *Physiological Action of Nitrous Oxide Gas*. He was on the school board of Lowell four years, city physician and member of the board of health three years, and civil service examiner for the city of Lowell twenty years. His wife, Czarina Currier Varnum of Dracut, Mass., to whom he was married Nov. 24, 1856, and two daughters are still living. The daughters are both happily married, one living in North Adams, with one daughter sixteen years of age; the other settled near them and has two children, all well and happy. "The Lord has been good to me and mine."

Charles Converse, of New Orleans, La., born January, 1835, died at Amherst, Jan. 9, 1853.

Oliver Wade Cooke, born in Brooklyn, Pa., June 27, 1833, entered college January, 1852, and left college at the end of the first term Junior year. He engaged in teaching seven years, four years in Mt. Retirement seminary, Deckertown, (now Sussex), N. J. (where he prepared for college), and three years as principal of a private school, which was closed December, 1861, on account of the war. He then went to Washington, D. C., and was employed in the U. S. Treasury from April, 1862, to November, 1866.

He was auditor of traffic and auditor of the passenger traffic, Erie Railway Co., New York city (residing in Passaic, N. J.), November, 1872, to Dec. 31, 1885; auditor of the Stonington Steamship Co., 1886 to July 1, 1898, also of the New York, Providence and Boston R. R., 1887 until the absorption of the company by the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Since March, 1899, he has been in the real estate and insurance business, room 9, Park block, Newton, N. J.

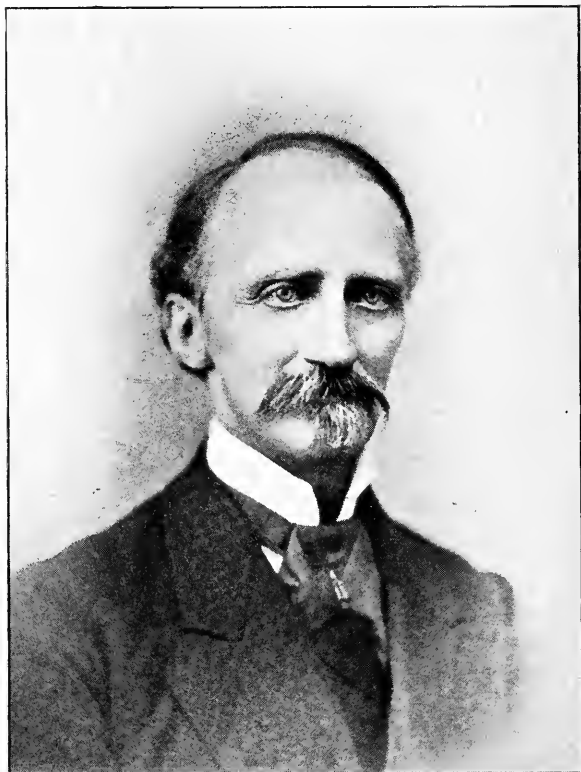
His wife, Mary C. Hayne, whom he married Oct. 5, 1858, died March 23, 1900. His son is with the American Tobacco Co. in New York city, married, but without children.

Micah Sampson Croswell was born at Farmington Falls, Me., July 20, 1833. After taking the first part of the course in Waterville (Me.) college, he entered Amherst, January, 1855. Having been variously employed in teaching, mercantile business, fishing for health, and agent for a publishing house, he commenced the study of theology in Chicago seminary in 1861, but left it in 1862 to enter the army; served as first lieutenant, commissary of subsistence, with the rank of captain, and later chief commissary of the district of the Frontier, Department of

Arkansas, headquarters at Fort Smith, Ark., where he was mustered out of the service in August, 1866, holding then the rank of brevet lieutenant colonel. He then returned to Chicago, completed his course at the seminary, was ordained at Emporia, Kan., and later served as pastor or supply of various churches in California, Illinois, Iowa and Arkansas till 1890. From 1890 to 1893 he resided in Chicago, then removed to Los Angeles, Cal., where he was manager of the Croswell Oil Co., 1895—1901. Since that time he has been managing a 30-acre orange grove, Redlands, Cal., and developing a ranch at Croswell Springs, Los Angeles county. He has written for papers, and an article in the *Overland Monthly* on *San Diego and Her Gold Mines*.

His wife, Mary Emma Parsons of Milwaukee, Wis., to whom he was married Sept. 26, 1865, is still living, and general health improved. She resides at 1922 Darien place, Los Angeles, Cal., but for the sake of his health Mr. Croswell spends a large part of his time at Croswell Springs, Los Angeles county, 85 miles northeast of the city, 2500 feet elevation, no fog, a very dry atmosphere, an antidote to inflammation of the mucous membrane. He has just completed, Jan. 9, 1905, the largest shipment of finest early oranges ever sent from Redlands.

Charles Harris Crowell, born in Windham, N. H., Jan. 18, 1830, left college in the third term of Freshman year, and engaged in teaching in Alton, Ill., 1856—1867, was superintendent of public schools in Grass Valley, Cal., 1870—1878, then for two years in Eureka, Nev. During the last seven years of his life he taught in the public schools of San Francisco, Cal., where he died, April 12, 1900, "a popular and efficient teacher and a good disciplinarian."



GEORGE DENISON.

He married, Jan. 1, 1856, Aurelia Ann Taylor of Londonderry, N. H. She is living at 143 Alpine street, San Francisco. Three of their four children are also living, two of them with her; and the youngest daughter, Mrs. Fannie McCoy, near them.

James Wilson Crowell was born in Londonderry, N. H., Aug. 14, 1830. entered college with the class in 1851, left at the end of the first term Senior year, and died at home July 20, 1855.

William Henry Darling was born at Warsaw, N. Y., June 19, 1835, entered college the third term of Freshman year, made a brilliant record as a student and scholar, and died at Amherst Dec. 5, 1853.

Francis W. Davis, of Nashua, N. H., entered the scientific department at Amherst in 1854. and left college before the end of the year: no other record and no information obtainable. Town clerk "can find nothing concerning the family" in Nashua, N. H.

George Denison, born at Hartland, Vt., Nov. 24, 1831, came to Amherst from Vermont university in the summer of 1854, was principal of Sherbrooke academy (C. E.) one year, then studied law and was admitted to the bar of the state of New York, Dec. 8, 1857.

Early in 1858 he removed to St. Louis, Mo., was admitted to the bar there in February, and practiced his profession in that city through life. From 1867 to 1869, and again from 1877 to 1881, he was judge of the police court in that city, and from 1866 until his death treasurer of the St. Louis Law Library association. In the war he was a corporal in the 7th regiment, Missouri infantry, from 1862 to 1865. This regiment was



HASKET DERBY.

wholly employed in home guard duty. From 1864 he was a member of the First Congregational church in St. Louis, and was always active and influential in promoting the interests of that denomination in the city. He died of apoplexy in St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 3, 1896.

His wife, Emma A. Webster of Godfrey, Ill., (sister of classmate Webster), whom he married Feb. 3, 1864, and their five children survived him. She is now living at 338 East 57th street, Chicago, Ill., with her only daughter, Helen A. (unmarried), a graduate of Monticello seminary, Godfrey, Ill., in 1893, who is kindergarten director in the public schools of Chicago. The oldest son, Henry W., a graduate of St. Johnsbury, Vt., academy, and a student three years in Illinois college, a lawyer by profession, died in October, 1899. Robert C., a graduate of Amherst in 1889, is pastor of the Congregational church in Janesville, Wis. George B. is also pastor of the Congregational church in Cando, N. Dak., for two years a student at Oberlin college and a graduate of Chicago Theological seminary in 1901. B. Webster, two years at Drury academy and one year at Beloit, is in journalism in New York city.

Hasket Derby was born in Boston, June 29, 1835. After graduation, he entered the Harvard Medical school, and received the degree of M. D. in 1858, having passed the last year in the Massachusetts General Hospital as house surgeon. His studies were continued in Europe, in the University of Vienna, in Berlin, Utrecht, London and Paris until November, 1861, when he returned and commenced practice in Boston as an oculist. By applying to practice some new discoveries that had recently been made in Germany in the methods of treatment of the eye, he at once took a place in the front rank of the oculists of America, a position which he has continued to

hold, meeting with success even beyond his most sanguine expectations.

During 1865 to 1868 he made three journeys to Europe, for the purpose of attending the annual meetings of the society of German oculists. In 1867 he was appointed university lecturer on ophthalmology in Harvard Medical school, 1867—1871. He has published a translation of lectures by Von Graeffe on *Amblyopia and Amaurosis*, and a lecture on *The Modern Operation for Cataract*, also various articles in the *Boston Medical and Surgical Journal*. In 1904 he edited and published *Le Forestier's Relation*, a recently discovered manuscript, *Autobiography and Voyages of François Le Forestier*.

He was appointed trustee of the children's institutions department of Boston in 1902. In vacations he has occasionally visited Europe. The years have come and gone, and he is still engaged in the active practice of his profession. When he settled in life his "adventures ceased; it was as in the old novels, 'They were married and lived happily ever afterward.'"

He married, Oct. 15, 1868, Sarah Mason of Boston. They have seven children, of whom six are living. The daughter (unmarried) lives at home. The eldest son is married and settled in Boston as an oculist. The second is practicing law in Honolulu, the third is in the office of a large manufacturing company in New York, a fourth is in the law school at Cambridge, and the youngest is abroad, having just graduated at Harvard. Three of the others also graduated from Harvard.

William Eastman Dickinson, born in Amherst, Mass., June 11, 1832, spent two years in Union Theological seminary and one year at Andover, where he graduated in 1858. After preaching for a time in Stafford Springs, Conn., and acting as a supply for some other churches, he was ordained—at Orleans,



WILLIAM EASTMAN DICKINSON.



Mass., Dec. 19, 1860, where he remained two years. Later, he spent two years as acting pastor at Sprague, Conn., two years at Montville, Conn., then held pastorates at Canton, Mass., Walpole, N. H., 1870—1876, Chicopee, Mass., 1876—1887, and Fitzwilliam, N. H., 1887—1891. In November, 1891, he removed to Amherst, Mass., retiring from the ministry on account of ill health. He traveled in Europe in the summer of 1882.

While residing in Amherst he occasionally supplied churches in the vicinity as health permitted, officiated at weddings and funerals, and was for several years in charge of the services in Zion chapel. He took a deep interest in the welfare of the colored people, and was greatly esteemed and beloved by them. A classmate writes, "Dickinson was a gentle soul from early manhood unto the end."

During his residence in Chicopee he was chairman of the school board for six years. He died at Amherst of arteriosclerosis, March 15, 1905.

He was married, Sept. 6, 1860, to Eliza H. Hobart of Amherst, who survives him. Their son, Dr. Edward Baxter Dickinson, a dentist, also resides in Amherst. He is a graduate of the dental school of the University of Pennsylvania, also studied surgery one year in the University.

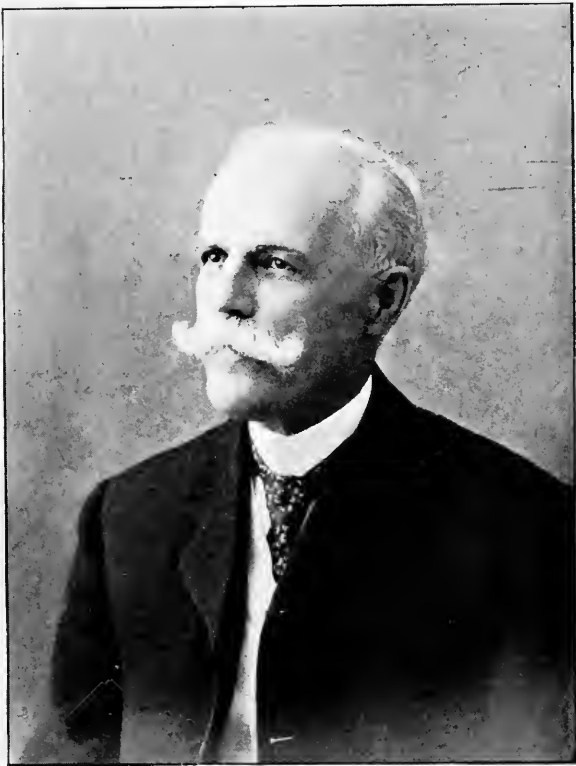
William Paley Duncan was born in Brooks, Me., April 1, 1833, entered Amherst in 1851, remained one term, then engaged in teaching for a number of years. In June, 1863, he was admitted to the bar in Massachusetts at Northampton, and from that time practiced his profession in Boston until his death, July 29, 1903. Author of poems, *Ode to Webster, Unknown*, relative to the unknown dead of the civil war, and a poem for the Hanover (Mass.) Academy reunion, written three weeks before his death, and read by another as his *Swan Song*.

He married, Oct. 28, 1860, Abbie F. Crane of Freetown, Mass., who now resides in Felton Hall, Cambridge, Mass. They had three children. Two sons are living; the elder, John F., is practicing law at 110 State street, Boston; the younger, Payson W., is with the house of Codman & Hall, Dewey square, Boston.

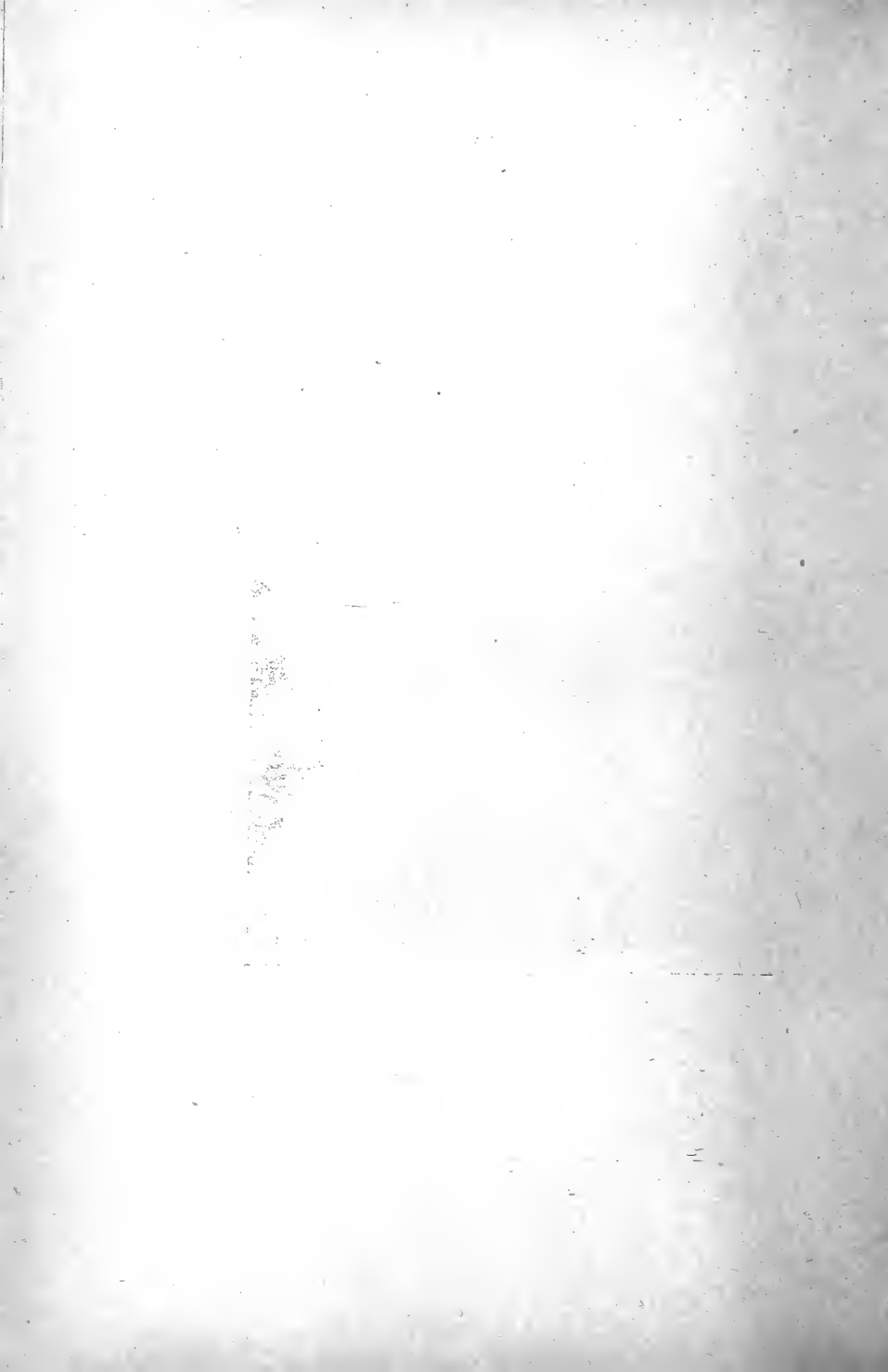
George Edward Dunlap, born at Huntington, Mass., Oct. 2, 1832, engaged in teaching and business in Illinois and Massachusetts, having charge of the academy in Rochester, Mass., from 1860 to 1862, when he enlisted in Rochester's quota of nine months men, and served as a sergeant in the 51st Mass. V. M., until discharged in July, 1863. The next eight years he was engaged in business, first five as accountant in the office of the Crompton Loom Works in Worcester, Mass., and later as agent of the Continental Life Insurance Co. From 1871 to 1875 he was principal teacher in the New York Juvenile asylum, and was then appointed superintendent of the New York Orphan asylum, West 73d street and Broadway, a position which he held until 1883. Since that time he has been in municipal employment in the department of water supply, gas and electricity, 21 Park row, in the bureau of water register. Mail address, 245 Broadway, room 19.

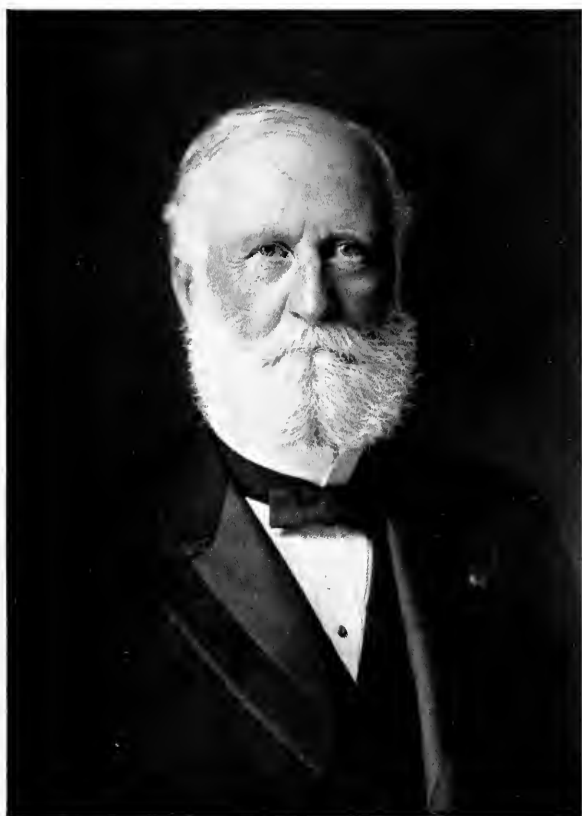
His wife, Julia E. Clapp of Worcester, whom he married June 2, 1857, shows only slightly the effects of time. Their only child, George F., died Aug. 6, 1864.

Alfred Douglas Evans of Medford, Mass., born December, 1833, was a member of the class five terms, 1851—1853. He went west in 1856, was admitted to the bar in Iowa, spent two years in Dubuque, entered the navy, and under Farragut was at the taking of New Orleans, was deputy collector of internal revenue there till 1869, when he went to Texas as pay-



GEORGE EDWARD DUNLAP.





E. E. Farnham.

master of the frontier forces. In 1872 he returned to Boston; spent fifteen months in Europe (1873—1874), then located as a lawyer at 16 Pemberton square. He died at Corpus Christi, Texas, June 24, 1884, having united with the Episcopal church in that place about two years before his death.

Elijah Stites Fairchild was born in Mendham, N. J., May 23, 1835. He left Amherst at the end of the first term Sophomore year, graduated at Princeton, N. J., in 1856; studied theology at Andover, and was ordained at Morrisania, N. Y., January, 1860. Subsequently he held pastorates at Oyster Bay, L. I., at Flushing, L. I., and at College Point, L. I., until November, 1888, when he removed to Chicago, Ill., and became associated with his sons in publishing a trade paper, steadily preaching, also, every Sunday until October, 1902. He is the author of a Sunday school question book on the Old and New Testaments, and *Confirmation an Apostolic Rite*.

He married Louisa Edgar Leavitt, Oct. 4, 1859. Four of their six children are living. P. O. address, 51 St. Clair street. His father was one of the three graduates of the first class in Amherst college, 1822.

Elbert Eli Farman, born at Newhaven, N. Y., April 23, 1831, entered Amherst from Genesee college, Lima, N. Y., the second term of Junior year. After graduation, he studied law in Warsaw, N. Y., in the office of F. C. D. McKay, the district attorney of the county, and on his admission to the bar in 1858 was admitted to partnership, and at once entered upon a desirable and lucrative practice. Determined to enlarge the field of observation, he sailed for Europe in 1865, and spent two years in travel and study, attending lectures on criminal, international and civil law at the universities of Berlin and Heidelberg, and acquired a practical knowledge of French and

German. In January, 1868, he was appointed by the governor district attorney of Wyoming county, a position which he held by election and re-election seven years. On the 27th of March, 1876, he was appointed agent and consul-general of the United States at Cairo, Egypt. From the time of his arrival at his post until July, 1881, he discharged the duties of his office, which were chiefly diplomatic, with eminent success, with the approval of the home government and of all Americans in Cairo. His personal relations with the Khedive and the members of his government were also friendly and intimate. He naturally took a prominent part in the reception of Gen. Grant at Cairo, presented him to the Khedive, and acted as interpreter in all their interviews. His attention was not limited to Americans, but his interest in humanity led him to help the oppressed in Egypt, and fifteen slaves gained their freedom through his efforts. Among the negotiations successfully negotiated by Mr. Farman were those for the increase in the number of American judges in the international tribunal of Egypt. Another very important service was rendered in securing the granite obelisk, known as Cleopatra's Needle, which stood so long in front of the temple of Caesar in Alexandria, and was originally erected in Heliopolis about sixteen centuries before Christ. To his discreet zeal and diplomatic tact the city of New York is greatly indebted for the gift of this interesting monument of one of the oldest civilizations, which is now the most valuable ornament in Central Park.

During his term of service he made and classified a large and valuable collection of ancient coins, scarabaei, bronzes, objects of porcelain and other antiquities, which may now be seen in the "Farman collections" in the Metropolitan museum, Central Park, New York.

On the 1st day of July, 1881, Mr. Farman was promoted by President Garfield to the position of judge of the mixed tribunals



ASA SEVERANCE FISKE.

of Egypt. He had previously been appointed as one of the delegates to represent the United States on an international commission instituted to revise the judicial code for the use of these tribunals. In the fall of 1882 Mr. Farman was appointed by President Arthur U. S. commissioner on the international commission of eleven members established to examine all claims arising from the late war in Egypt. It examined over ten thousand claims and awarded, in all, over twenty millions of dollars. A few months after the close of his work as commissioner he resigned his position as judge, returned to America, and took an active part in the campaign in behalf of the Republican candidate, James G. Blaine. Since that time he has been principally engaged in the management of his private affairs. He has given occasional lectures, and is the author of a book published in 1904, *Along the Nile with General Grant*.

Mr. Farman has been twice married. His first wife, Lois P. Parker of Gainesville, N. Y., married Dec. 24, 1855, died June 28, 1881. He married (2) Oct. 8, 1883, Adelaide F., daughter of Hon. David H. Frisbie of Galesburg, Ill. They have three children.

Mr. Farman received the degree of LL.D. from Amherst college in 1882. On leaving Egypt he was honored by the Sultan, through the Khedive, with the decoration of "Grand Officer of the Imperial Order of the Medjidieh," a distinction rarely conferred.

He is a member of the Union League club and Sons of the Revolution, New York City. P. O. address, Warsaw, N. Y.

Asa Severance Fiske was born in Strongsville, Ohio, March 2, 1833. After graduating he spent a year and a half teaching in Canandaigua, N. Y., then commenced the study of theology at Andover and New Haven, but returned to Amherst as tutor in 1857, where he remained two years, after which he-

went to St. Paul, Minn., was ordained, and remained there three years as pastor. He served as chaplain of the House and Senate, then was in the army three years and a half as chaplain and on detail as superintendent of freedmen in the district of Memphis, having a hand in the construction of the Freedmen's bureau. Since that time he has held pastorates in Rockville, Conn., Second Congregational church, 1865—1871; Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1872—1875; San Francisco, Cal., Howard street Presbyterian church, 1875—1884; Ithaca, N. Y., First Presbyterian church, 1884—1896; Washington, D. C., Gunton Temple Presbyterian church, January, 1897, to September, 1904; then was stated supply for First Presbyterian church in Warsaw, N. Y., until July 1, 1905. His present address is Geneva, N. Y.

Mr. Fiske received the degree of D.D. from Hamilton college in 1889.

His wife, Elizabeth Worthington Hand of Washington, D.C., whom he married Sept. 6, 1860, and their two daughters are all well. The elder, Zoe W., after a thorough course in art, both in this country and in Paris, became a member of the faculty in the Fine Arts department of Leland Stanford, Jr., university, Cal. She is now the wife of Morton A. Aldrich, professor of economics and sociology in Tulane university, New Orleans, La., and is the happy mother of a little Helen.

The younger, Christabel F., took her A. B. at Cornell, her A. M. at Columbian, and Ph.D. on a Fellowship at Cornell, and is now in her second year in the faculty of Vassar college, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Appleton Howe Fitch, born in Hopkinton, Mass., March 11, 1830, engaged in teaching, one year in Franklin academy, Dover, N. H., one year and a half in Chicago, Ill., one year in Dixon, Ill., and five years in Peoria, Ill. In May, 1864, he

enlisted in the army, and was chosen 1st lieutenant, Co. F, 139th Illinois Vols. The regiment was discharged at Peoria, Ill., without having been called into any important service. He then started a manufactory of barrel staves at Maples, Ind., which prospered until Sept. 20, 1872, when everything that would burn was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$18,000, with no insurance. Not discouraged, he formed plans for rebuilding immediately, and "the engine was on the way to the machine shop before the embers had done smoking." In 1879, he left that "fever and ague country," and engaged in business in Kalamazoo, Mich., where he remained until July, 1886, when he returned to the old home farm in Hopkinton in order to care for his widowed mother, then 80 years of age.

On his way he stopped by request at Syracuse, N. Y., and made an examination of the business methods of the milk producers of that region. The results of his investigations were embodied in a paper which he read at a meeting in Boston of farmers representing the milk producers of Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

A plan proposed by him for promoting the business interests of the milk producers of New England was favorably received, and in less than three months a thorough organization was effected, which proved of great advantage to the farmers as a body, and resulted in a saving to them in five years of nearly half a million of dollars. After the death of his mother, in 1891, he removed to Chicago, Ill., bought a home in Evanston, where he remained four years, acting as bookkeeper for a firm of building contractors. Since that time his summers have been passed on the old home farm and acting as executor of his mother's will. A part of the winters he spends in the west.

His wife, Elizabeth H. Bennett of Chicago, Ill., whom he married Oct. 3, 1859, is living, but is not very strong, and usually spends the winters with her daughters (all living). The

eldest, after teaching four years, became the wife of the superintendent of schools in the city of Evanston. She has three daughters. The second, an artist, was the first teacher to take a position in the Pratt institute, Brooklyn, N. Y. She is now a successful illustrator of books, and a designer of pictures for schoolroom ornamentation. Her husband, an architect of Chicago, was formerly a lecturer in the Institute of Technology in Boston. They have one daughter.

The third was for six years head of the art department of the State Normal school in Milledgeville, Ga., and is now in a similar position in Indianapolis, Ind. The fourth is the wife of the assistant professor of engineering in Harvard university. They have two children, boys.

The fifth took a post graduate course in kindergarten work at the Evanston High school until marriage intervened, when she joined her husband in settlement work near the Hull House in Chicago. They have one son.

Edwin Augustus Gibbens, born in Boston, March 20, 1834, entered college with the class, and left at the end of the second term, Sophomore year. He graduated at Harvard in 1855, engaged in teaching in the High school, Jamaica Plain, and Public Latin school, Boston; also at Waltham, Mass.; then took charge of a school for boys in New York city. He died in New York city, March 26, 1890.

He married, July 28, 1858, Mary Elizabeth Chandler of Brookline, Mass., (now residing in Yokohama, Japan), and they had five children. The eldest, Chandler, born in Boston, June 13, 1859, now resides in Yokohama, Japan. The second, Daniel Lewis, born in Waltham, May 21, 1861, died in New York city, May 20, 1890. Frances Vaughn, born in Waltham, Nov. 13, 1862, married George C. Warren, April 8, 1890, and resides at Chestnut Hill, Mass. Constance, born in Waltham,

Sept. 5, 1864, married George John Melhuys, March 22, 1893, and now resides in Kobe, Japan. Charles Lyon, born in Fordham, N. Y., April 21, 1877, died same place, Feb. 2, 1878.

Elijah Bradner Gibbs was born in Orwell, Pa., July 21, 1832. He entered Amherst in 1853, remained two terms, left on account of ill health, and engaged in business. Later, he graduated at Detroit, Mich., Medical college, and became a practicing physician in that city.

Died at Orwell, Pa., Sept. 23, 1899, "the last of his family." Married, October, 1862, Sarah E. Gibson of Shashequin, Pa. No children.

Edwin Smith Gilbert, born in Livonia, N. Y., July 26, 1829, entered Amherst second term Junior year, coming from Genesee college, Lima, N. Y. After graduating, he engaged in teaching as professor of mathematics in the Hedding Literary institute, Greene county, N. Y., and later in the Rochester Collegiate institute, N. Y.

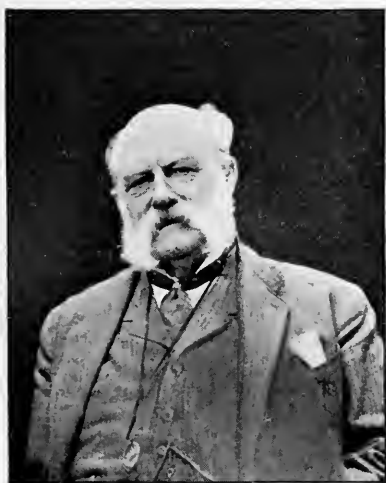
He entered the military service as 2d lieutenant, 13th regiment, N. Y. Vols., and after the first battle of Bull Run was promoted to 1st lieutenant and a few months later to captain, and transferred to the 25th regiment. During the Peninsular campaign he rose to the rank of major, and at the battle of Hanover he was in command (after the wounding of the colonel and lieutenant colonel) of the regiment, which distinguished itself greatly. In one of the "seven days' battles," Major Gilbert was taken prisoner, at Gaines Mill, June 27, 1862, and remained in Richmond six weeks in Libby prison, until Aug. 16, when he was exchanged at Harrison's Landing.

On rejoining his regiment he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel, but his health, already impaired by his imprisonment, soon failed entirely, and he went home on a fur-

lough and died of consumption at Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 22, 1863.

He was twice married; (1) Sept. 3, 1856, to Frances Rosalie King of Cairo, N. Y., who died of consumption in 1858; (2) Sept. 25, 1862, to Hattie, daughter of Dr. Hick of Rochester, N. Y. She afterwards married Frederic S. Webster at Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1882.

John Long Graves was born in Sunderland, Mass., Aug. 15, 1831. After graduation he commenced the study of theology with Rev. S. D. Clarke of Sunderland, and continued the study while in charge of an academy at Orford, N. H., from the spring of 1856 till the fall of 1857, when he was licensed to preach by the Franklin association in November. After further study during nearly ten months with Rev. Dr. Kirk in Boston, he was ordained and installed as pastor of the Springfield street Congregational church, Boston, Mass., December, 1858. In 1862, he went abroad for a year and travelled in Europe. After a severe and critical surgical operation in Paris, which incapacitated him for reading and writing during more than two years, he returned to America, and resided in Northampton, Mass., supplying churches in the vicinity (preaching without notes) until 1865. He then went to Washington, D. C., having received a very flattering call to become pastor of the 4½ street Presbyterian church in that city, but before the end of one year he was obliged to relinquish preaching on account of serious bronchial trouble, and retired from the ministry in 1866. Subsequently he became general agent of the New York Life Insurance Co. in Springfield, Mass., where he lived about nine years, and then engaged in business in Boston as an importer of goods from Japan and China, in which he has been very successful. In 1883 he was chosen commissioner-in-chief of the Boston Foreign exhibition for sev-



JOHN LONG GRAVES.

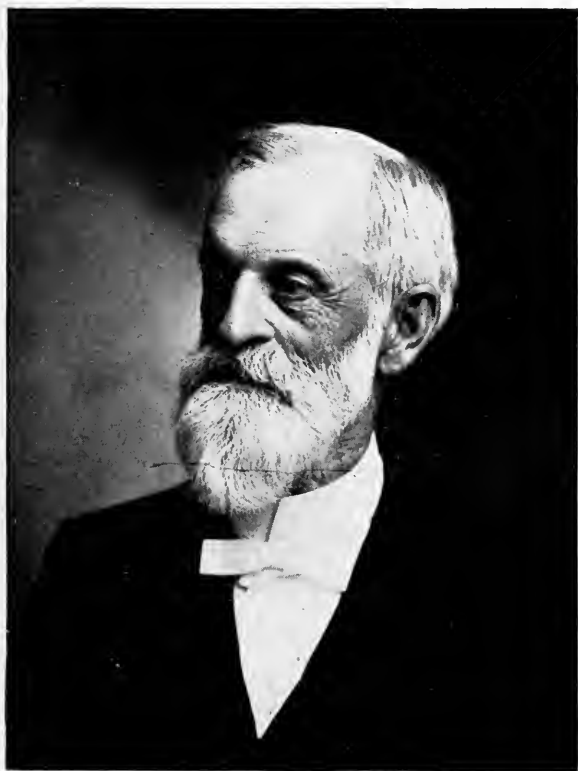
eral countries, and was instrumental in securing the leading exhibits from Russia, Persia, Japan and Korea.

He has made oriental art a study, and has become one of the largest importers of art objects from other countries.

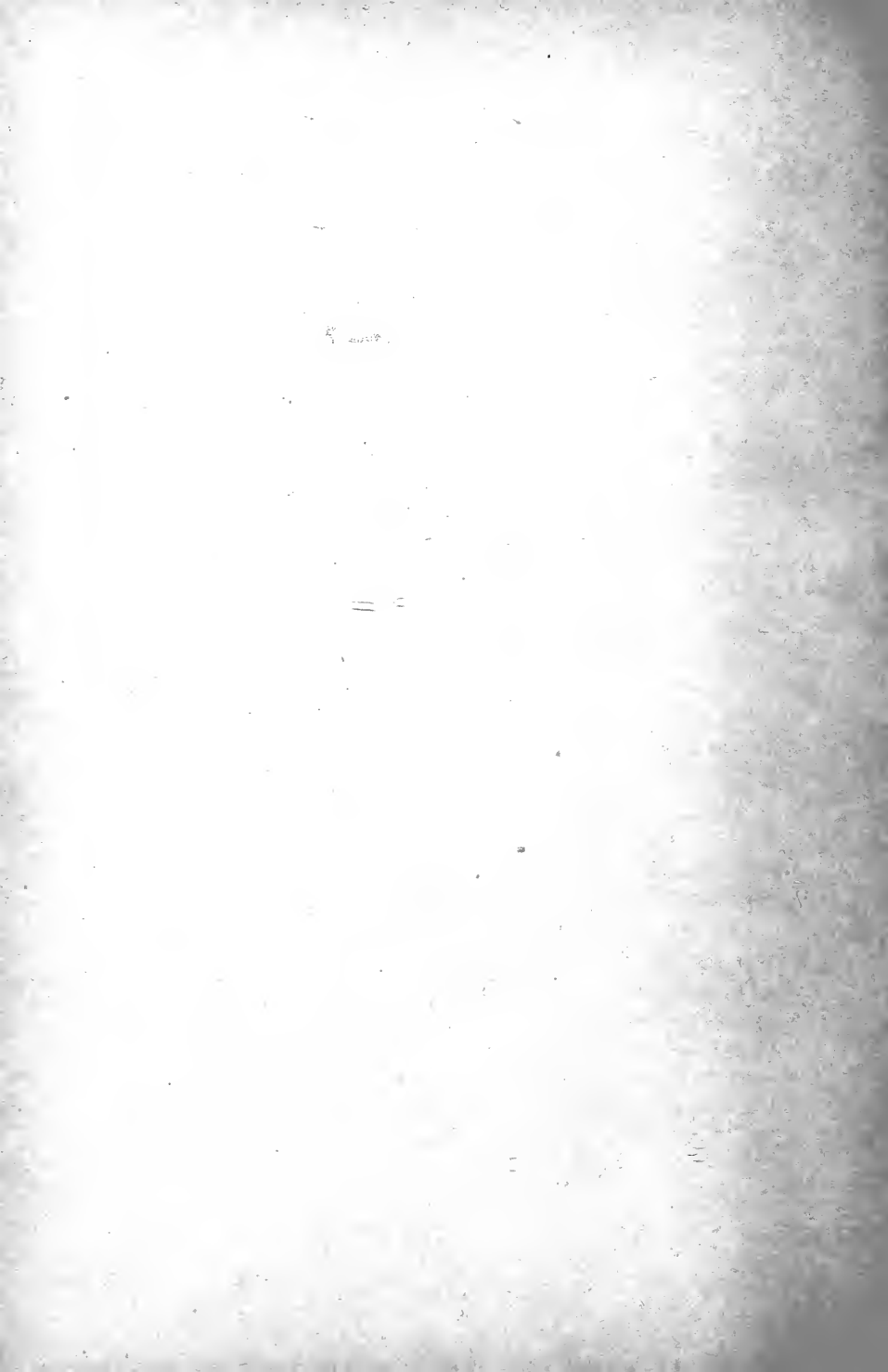
He writes that he has no facts of interest about himself to report for the class record, but some of his friends know that, like Edward Everett Hale, he believes in lending a helpful hand, and that he shows his faith by his works. Of his many acts of private benevolence, this is not the proper time to speak, but one act of public beneficence should not be overlooked—the gift of a fine public library building to his native town. In the portico the gift is commemorated by a bronze tablet on which is the following inscription: “In gratitude to Him who permitted my birth in this beautiful valley, and in honoring and loving remembrance of my father and mother, Horatio Graves and Fanny Gunn Graves, this building has been erected by their son, John Long Graves, and given to the town of Sunderland to be used as a public library as long as it shall stand. MDCCCC.”

His wife, Fannie G. Britton of Orford, N. H., whom he married Sept. 1, 1858, and their two daughters, both unmarried, are all living, “thank the good Lord.”

William Allen Hallock, born at Plainfield, Mass., Aug. 27, 1832, commenced the study of theology at Yale, but a severe injury upon his head soon after compelled him to give up study for a year, during which he took a voyage to Constantinople. On his return he re-entered Yale seminary, but at the end of the year went to Union Theological seminary, N. Y., and in 1858 to East Windsor Hill Theological seminary, where he graduated in 1859. He was pastor of the Congregational church in Gilead, Conn., from Oct. 23, 1860, to June 20, 1864, when he was so severely injured in a railway accident as to be



WILLIAM ALLEN HALLOCK.



laid aside from all kinds of service, even from reading, for about two years. In 1866 he resumed his ministerial labors in Chautauqua county, N. Y., where he enjoyed a remarkable revival, resulting in the conversion of nearly one hundred persons. From May, 1875, to April 24, 1887, when he preached his farewell sermon, he was pastor of the church at Bloomfield, Conn. Since that time he has resided at the old home in Jamestown, N. Y.

His wife, Clara M. Hall of Jamestown, N. Y., whom he married Sept. 19, 1860, "went home" in September, 1897, so the cheer and sunshine went out of his home. His son, William Hall Hallock, a graduate of Amherst in 1885, "crossed the river" in February (13), 1894. "In the opinion of his professors in that department Mr. Hallock (the son) was one of the best scholars in mathematics ever graduated from Amherst college."

Mr. Hallock is now left with his one daughter, who ministers to his comfort in every possible way. He has one grandchild. His daughter is the wife of Alfred T. Livingston, M. D., a physician of rare ability and culture.

Since leaving the active ministry his days have been very busy, not only in what he has been permitted to do for the Y. M. C. A. in the city, but in the little Sunday school started in a private parlor, which has steadily increased until now it has its grounds and buildings free from debt, and has fruited into a young, prosperous, undenominational church, though the charter members had been brought up in nine different denominations, just a church of our Lord Jesus Christ and a *home* for the people. For more than two years it has had its own minister, and is gaining a firm footing in the location, as the only church and Bible school among a population of 9,000 people, though many, of course, attend churches in the city, but these are remote from their homes. This work is in the line of real

Christian unity, a dropping of unessentials and fusing the people into oneness of heart and life. He is happy in this service, sometimes even counting it the most important of his life.

Charles Hardon, born in Mansfield, Mass., Jan. 2, 1834, was a teacher of Latin in Delaware Literary institute, Franklin, N. Y., one year after graduation, then spent a year at home working upon the farm with his father, while preaching regularly in the Christian church, which the family always attended, and of which four of them were members.

In September, 1857, he entered Andover Theological seminary, but remained only three months, and then went to Oberlin, Ohio, and remained six months, then returned to his home in Mansfield, with health impaired and dissatisfied with the theology and apparent spirit of the institutions. He was variously employed in preaching, teaching, farming and studying privately until May, 1864, when he was licensed by the Ohio association of the New Jerusalem church, and ordained Dec. 4, 1864. From that time he devoted himself exclusively to preaching, in Urbana, Ohio, St. Louis, Mo., Foxboro and Mansfield, Mass., until 1871, when he went to Contoocook, N. H., which has since been his home. Some of the time he has devoted to missionary work for the new church in Massachusetts and Maine. Since 1880 he has preached only occasionally, and has been engaged in life insurance.

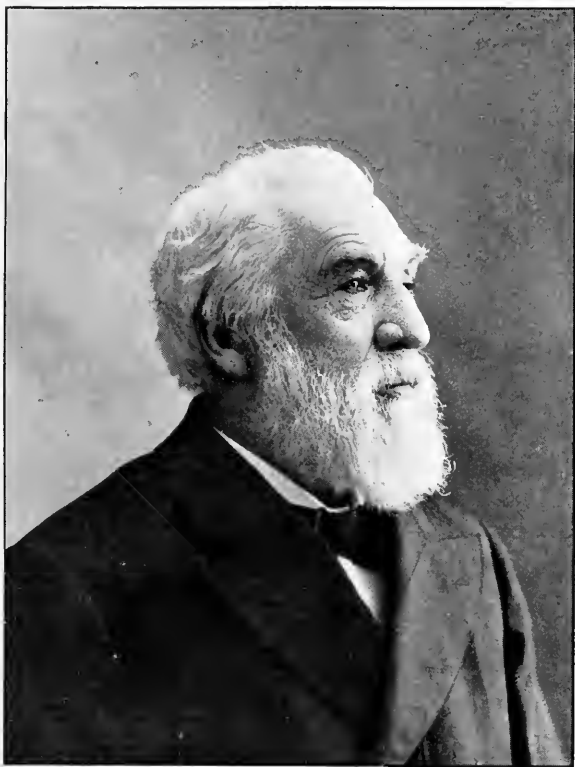
His publications include various tracts, lectures and sermons in defense of the Swedenborgian faith, and newspaper articles in illustration and defense of the Henry George system of taxation, and newspaper correspondence.

His third wife, Annie E. McGlathry of Searsport, Me., married Sept. 29, 1871, still makes his home cheerful and happy. Of his four children two are living, the son, Charles Henry, is



CHARLES HARDON.





ELIJAH PADDOCK HARRIS.

chief engineer of the Pomona Irrigation Co., Pomona, Cal. The daughter, Annie May, is married, and resides in Contook-cook.

Elijah Paddock Harris, born at LeRoy, N. Y., April 3, 1832, entered Amherst from Genesee college, third term of Junior year, engaged in teaching as principal of an academy, one year in Sodus, N. Y., and one year in Warsaw, N. Y., then went to Germany and spent two years in the study of chemistry and physics in the University of Göttingen, where he received the degrees of A. M. and Ph.D. Returning to America, after spending some time in travel and in Paris, he commenced his labors as professor of chemistry and natural history in Victoria college, Cobourg, C. W., in the summer of 1859, and remained there until called to fill the same position in Beloit college, Wis., in 1867. At the end of one year he was called to fill the chair of chemistry in his Alma Mater, and entered upon his duties at Amherst in October, 1868. This position he still holds at the age of 73, performing his duties with marked ability and success.

He has published at Göttingen, in 1859, a work on *Meteorites*: a *Manual of Qualitative Analysis* (last edition in 1904), and a work on *Non-Metallic Chemistry* for the use of students.

He was married, July 26, 1860, to Ellen A. Park of Warsaw, N. Y., who, with four of their six children, is still living, a true helpmeet, filling his home with cheer and sunshine.

The four children are all happily married. Edward Park, a graduate of Amherst in 1885, is principal of a boys' school in Lakewood, N. J. Harry P. is a farmer in Warsaw, N. Y. Frank P., a graduate also of Amherst in the class of 1900, is chemist and manager of a company engaged in the manufacture of high explosives. Ella A. is the wife of W. B. Pratt of Elmira, N. Y., ex-'95 Amherst, and has three children.

Nathaniel Coleman Hart, born in Bedford, N. Y., Aug. 16, 1835, entered Amherst from Columbia first term of Sophomore year, studied law in his father's office, and was admitted to the bar Jan. 15, 1857.

While attending upon his brother, a member of a regiment of N. Y. Vols., who was sick in the barracks near the city, he was attacked with scarlet fever and died in New York city, June 6, 1861.

John Hartwell was born in Lincoln, Mass., Dec. 20, 1827. After graduating he taught a select school one term in Buckland, Mass., then entered the theological seminary at East Windsor Hill, Conn., and graduated in 1857. He preached as supply at Hartland, Conn., New Preston, Conn., and in various places until he was ordained as pastor of the Congregational church in Leverett, Mass., Sept. 29, 1859. He remained there five years, then preached seven years in Becket, Mass., one year in Southbury, Conn., and was pastor of the church there from Oct. 30, 1872, until his death from inflammatory rheumatism, Dec. 18, 1878.

He married, June 20, 1860, Sarah Wetmore Southmayd of Middletown, Conn., who died at Washington, D. C., July 31, 1901. Of their four children, one, Lucy W., died in infancy; Charles W., graduated M. D. at Yale Medical school in 1891, and died at New Haven, Conn., Jan. 26, 1892; Lucy S. died at New Haven, Feb. 4, 1884; Mary A. graduated at Smith college in the class of 1894, and spent two years at the Forbes library, Northampton, Mass. Since November, 1896, she has been cataloguer in the office of the superintendent of documents, Washington, D. C. P. O. address, 941 S street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Franklin Ebenezer Hawley of Ridgefield, Conn., was born Oct. 8, 1832, entered Amherst in September, 1851, and died at home Dec. 5, 1853.

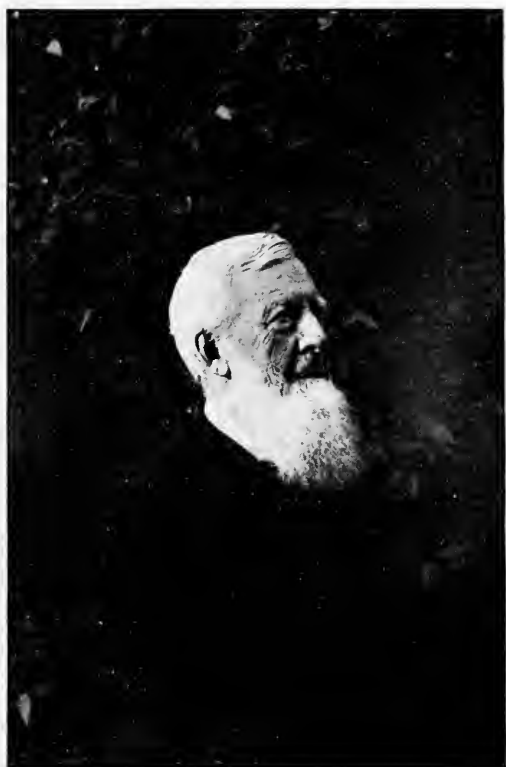
Joseph Bassett Holland, born in Fayetteville, Vt., July 11, 1830, entered Amherst in the scientific department in 1854, and left college before the end of the year, but for some special work he was given the degree of A. M., *honoris causa*, in 1856. He graduated with high honors at Dartmouth college in 1858, and was principal of Westfield academy, at Westfield, Mass., 1858—1861. He then studied medicine, and graduated M. D. at Dartmouth in 1866 and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York in 1867. He was demonstrator of microscopical and pathological anatomy at Dartmouth, 1865—1866, special student at Harvard and demonstrator of chemistry, 1867—1868. From 1868 until his death Dr. Holland was engaged in business as wholesale publisher and bookseller, in New York, and in Galesburg, Ill., to which place he went in 1870, and where he occupied a large field of usefulness. He was editor of Bradley's Atlas of the World, a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and the British Economic association. He died at Boston, Mass., Feb. 14, 1902, of atrophy of the muscles, brought on by walking too much after an attack of pneumonia before he gained his strength.

Dr. Holland married, in 1872, Miss Mary May of Galesburg, Ill., who, with two sons, survives him, residing in Galesburg. His will provides that in case of the death of all the beneficiaries, leaving no heirs, the trust fund, or whatever remains of it, shall be divided between Dartmouth college and Amherst college.

Joseph Henry Houghton of New York city, was born May, 1831, entered college with the class, and left college at the end of the first term of Sophomore year, and "engaged in various business pursuits." He was lieutenant and adjutant of the 51st regiment of U. S. (colored) infantry, 1864—1866; brevet captain, 1866; aide on the staff of Gen. Hawkins, 1864—1866; clerk of the Supreme court of Washington territory, 1871—1877; general land agent of the Northern Pacific R. R. for the Pacific coast, 1877—1882; secretary and treasurer of the Tacoma Light and Water Co., 1882—?; member of the territorial legislature, 1883. He died in 1899.

Martin Stoddard Howard was born in Milford, Mass., Aug. 22, 1830. After graduation he studied theology privately while teaching school at South Dennis, Mass., and was licensed to preach by the Brewster association, April 15, 1856, and ordained at West Yarmouth, Mass., Nov. 30, 1856, and remained there two years and three months. He was pastor at South Dartmouth, Mass., from May 19, 1859, to 1864, and at Groveland, Mass., 1864 to 1868. Since Oct. 29, 1868, he has been pastor at Wilbraham, Mass., a long pastorate, the third in length in any denomination in Massachusetts.

During these years he has written in full more than two thousand sermons and preached three thousand times. Nineteen of his sermons have been published, most of them preached on special occasions, also several poems and addresses. Among them may be noted *Christian Patriotism*, 1861; *Words of Welcome*, a sermon and address on the soldiers' return, 1865; *Death of President Garfield*, 1881; *Poem* at Milford centennial, 1880; *Poem* at dedication of Southworth Library, 1890; *Historical Discourse*, First church, Wilbraham, 1891; *Oration* at unveiling of soldiers' monument, Wilbraham, 1894; *Recognition*, 1897; *Sack Cloth*, 1899; *From Twelve to Thirty*, 1900; *No*



MARTIN STODDARD HOWARD.

More Sea, 1902; *Pharos: Rays From the Lighthouse Lantern*, 1903 (republished in the *Sailors' Magazine*, 1904); *The Life Saving Service*, 1905 (also republished in the *Sailors' Magazine*); *Dawn at Eventide*, pp. 50; also many articles in the *Congregationalist* and *Boston Recorder*. He was for many years New England correspondent of the *San Francisco Pacific*. These are some of the things which he has done—something, he hopes, in the way of being useful to his fellowmen and to the church.

His wife, Mary A. Carlton of Hopkinton, Mass., whom he married Sept. 26, 1855, and three of their five children are living. The three children graduated at Wilbraham academy. The two sons both graduated at the Agricultural college at Amherst. Edwin, the elder, is principal of the centre grammar school in Northampton. The other, who was a leader in his class in mathematics and chemistry, is now assistant professor of chemistry in the same college.

Charles Morton Howland, born in Conway, Mass., Nov. 27, 1830, left college on account of ill health at the end of the first term Freshman year, and died at home, Oct. 10, 1853.

Dixi Crosby Hoyt was born at Northfield, N. H., Aug. 24, 1833. After graduation he studied medicine at Harvard Medical school, received the degree of M. D. in 1860, and practiced his profession one year in Southville, Mass. In 1861 he entered the service of his country as a private soldier, but being disabled by a severe fever he was honorably discharged. After his recovery he was appointed assistant surgeon of the 5th Mass. nine months regiment, and at the expiration of this term of service was appointed post surgeon at Readville, the rendezvous of Massachusetts troops. After two months of this ser-

vice he was commissioned assistant surgeon of the 2d Mass. heavy artillery, and with the regiment was in several battles at Newbern and Kingston, N. C.

While exhausted by overwork with his regiment and in behalf of colored recruits and the helpless citizens of Newbern, he was attacked by the yellow fever, and died "as the Christian dies, in the assurance of hope," Nov. 1, 1864, aged 31.

William Edgar Hughitt was born in Genoa, N. Y., Oct. 22, 1832. After graduation, he studied law in Rochester, N. Y., was admitted to the bar in that city in 1857, and practiced his profession in Auburn, N. Y., from that year until his death from apoplexy, April 12, 1897. From 1864 to 1878 he was judge of the Cayuga county court. He also held many minor offices, and gave general satisfaction in the discharge of his public duties.

For a number of years he was president of the First National bank, and was connected with many manufacturing concerns. Chiefly, however, he devoted himself through life to the practice of his profession, and was universally considered the leader of the bar in Cayuga county, and one of the ablest lawyers in the state. He was an active member of the First Presbyterian church in Auburn, and was one of its ruling elders from 1878 until his death.

Judge Hughitt was married, March 11, 1856, to Rachel Miliken of Genoa, N. Y., who, with three of their six children, survived him. Mrs. Hughitt died in July, 1899. His son, Fred-eric E., a lawyer in Auburn, N. Y., is a graduate of Amherst, of the class of 1881. His daughter, Caroline, graduated from Wells college, Aurora, N. Y. His daughter, Emma, was for a time a member of Mt. Holyoke seminary.



WILLIAM EDGAR HUGHITT.

Savilian Richard Hull, born in Cheshire, Conn., July 16, 1827, entered Amherst in 1851, remaining one term, re-entered in 1852, 1st term Sophomore year, and left college in the 1st term of Junior year to study law. He practiced his profession in Iowa, in Meriden, Conn., and since 1880 in New Haven, At the age of 77 he is still active and vigorous, "can walk fifteen miles continuously without fatigue."

His wife, Virginia Simpson of Harper's Ferry, Va., whom he married Nov. 9, 1858, is also in good health, and both "bid fair to enjoy a respectable old age."

Of their ten children the oldest son (Samuel Byron) and the youngest daughter (Bertha) are unmarried, and living in his family. Of the others, four have died, and four are married. P. O. address, 259 Wooster street.

Chester Daniel Jefferds, born in Dixfield, Me., Feb. 20, 1828, entered Amherst September, 1851, with a capital of ten dollars. After graduating he studied theology at Andover Theological seminary three years, and after spending a few months in the service of the Vermont Domestic Missionary society at Richmond and Jamaica, was ordained pastor of the Congregational church in Chester, Vt., Oct. 30, 1858.

An attack of bleeding at the lungs in the summer of 1861 compelled him to suspend his ministerial labors for several weeks, and in June of the next year he was obliged by another attack to relinquish his work entirely. From that time the disease made rapid progress, and caused his death at Chester, Vt., Nov. 22, 1862, at the age of 34.

He married, Jan. 18, 1859, Electa E. Miller of Dummerston, Vt., who is now living in Ludlow, Vt. In 1866 she married Mr. Woodburn, who died in 1900. They had two daughters, both married, with one of whom she makes her home at present. Of Mr. Jefferd's three children only one, Mary H., is

living. She graduated at Wellesley college, taught one year in Talladega college, then married Rev. F. A. Holden, now pastor of the Congregational church in Huntington, Conn. She is the mother of seven children.

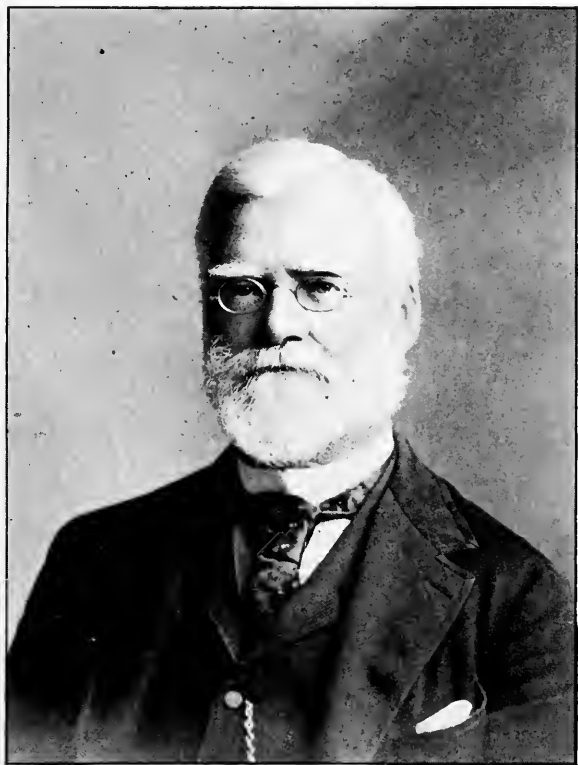
Dana Israel Jocelyn was born in Georgia, Vt., Dec. 6, 1830. After graduation he engaged in teaching in the high school in Grafton, Mass., six months; in Stoneham, Mass., three years and a half; in Lowell, one year; in Clinton high school two years; in Malden, where he remained three years, 1862 to 1865, acting as clerk to Paymaster Varnum one year. Since 1865 he has practiced dentistry in St. Louis, Mo., twenty-nine years. He left his professional business in 1894 to go in search of health for Mrs. Jocelyn. She was improved, but is bitterly afflicted with disease of the spine.

He was married, Sept. 10, 1874, to Maria Louisa Moyer of St. Louis, Mo. They had one child, Alice, who died when one year old.

He has always been interested in Christian work, and served two terms as deacon in Pilgrim Congregational church in St. Louis. P. O. address, 6216 Columbia avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

William Leonard Joy was born in Townshend, Vt., Aug. 17, 1831. After graduation he studied law while teaching in the seminary at Townshend, one year, then with Judge John Roberts of that town, till admitted to the bar in May, 1857. He then went to Sioux City, Iowa, and practiced his profession there until the end of his active life.

He was U. S. district attorney of Dakota territory, 1864—1865; a member of the legislature of Iowa, 1862—1866; one of the capitol commissioners, 1870—1872. In 1868 he was attorney for the Sioux City and Pacific R. R. Co., and was influential in securing legislation for the purpose of constructing



DANA ISRAEL JOCELYN.

railways for northwestern Iowa, and the legislation which he secured was of inestimable value to that part of the state. From the organization of the Sioux National bank, in 1880 he was its president until January, 1896. He died of gangrene, caused by Bright's disease, in Corona, Cal., July 1, 1899.

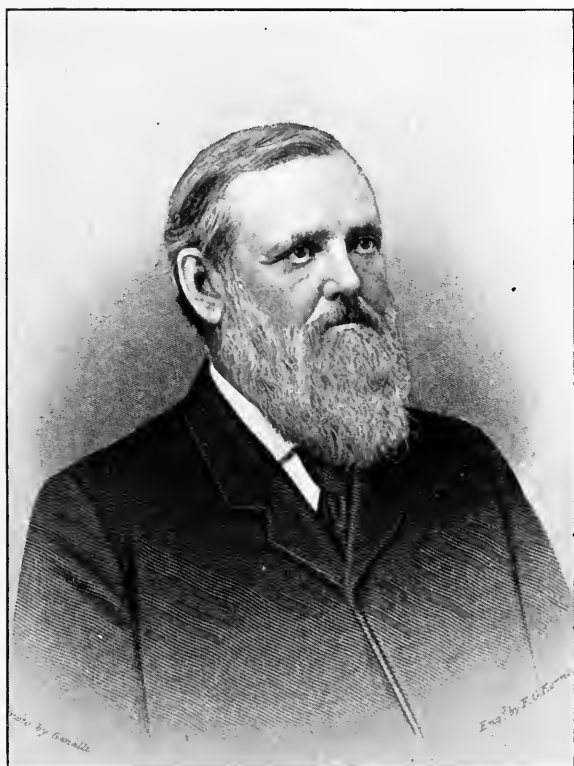
He married, Oct. 9, 1859, Frances A. Stone of Westmoreland, N. H., who, with their two children, survived him.

Henry Sylvester Kelsey was born in LeRoy, N. Y., Dec. 5, 1830. He taught school three winters before going to Easthampton, Mass., to prepare for college, and three terms during his college course. After graduation he taught one year in Gallipolis, Ohio. The second year was spent in theological study. In 1857 he returned to Amherst, where he remained as tutor and instructor in mathematics until 1860.

In February, 1860, Martha Porter Snell, to whom he had long been engaged to be married, passed away after a lingering decline in consumption.

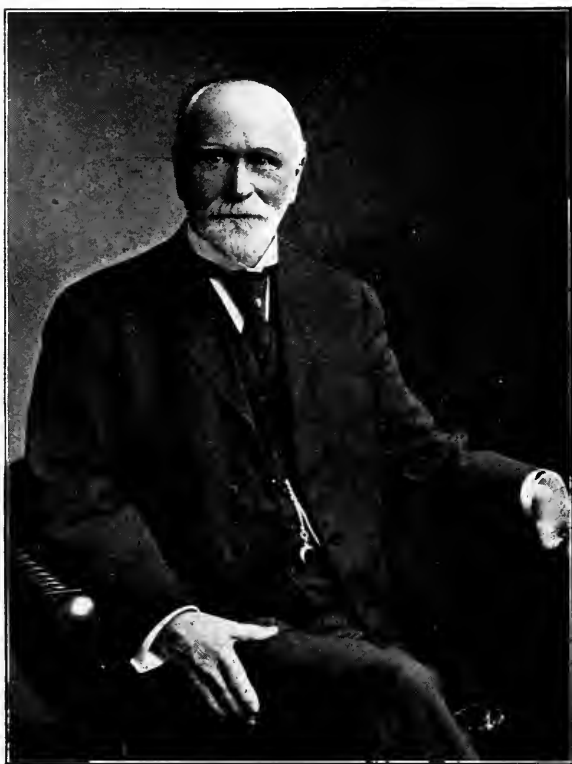
In the autumn of 1860 he accepted the chair of mathematics, natural philosophy and astronomy in Beloit college, Wis., which he occupied for three years, when, returning east, he became pastor of the church in Granby, Mass., in October, 1863. While in Beloit, in 1861, he married Miss Harriet A. Beebe of Litchfield, Conn., who passed away in the summer of 1865, and whose daughter, twenty months old, followed her in the spring of 1866. This was the only child he ever had.

After three years labor in Granby he accepted a call to Rockville, Conn., where he remained until the winter of 1868. While at Rockville, in October, 1867, he was married to Mrs. Elizabeth L. (Foster) Fiske, widow of his old friend, Rev. Samuel Fiske, (Dunn Brown). Mrs. Fiske had two sons, George F. and Arthur S., eight and five years old, who in due time were



WILLIAM L. JOY.

[Mrs. Joy is still living and her P. O. address is 823 3th St., Sioux City, Iowa. Their two children are both married. The son, Chauncey L., a graduate of the State University of Iowa, is an Attorney-at-Law, Sioux City, Iowa.--From a letter received Sept. 27, 1905.]



HENRY SYLVESTER KELSEY.

sent to Amherst, and graduated in the classes of 1881 and 1884.

After finishing his labors in Rockville, two years were spent as superintendent of schools in Mobile, Ala., under the auspices of the American Missionary association, and as principal of Geneva, N. Y., academy.

In October, 1870, he became pastor of the Congregational church in Holliston, Mass., where he remained until called to the church in Woburn, Mass., in 1873. From Woburn he went to New Haven, Conn., in February, 1877, and was acting pastor of the College street church until the autumn of 1884. In the summer of 1880 he took a much needed rest in a long and delightful tour abroad.

His oldest stepson, having acquired his profession by three years of study in Germany, concluded to make his home in Chicago, Ill., whither his parents accompanied him, and where they have since resided. For several years Mr. Kelsey was engaged in the insurance business.

In October of 1891 the family suffered grievous bereavement in the loss of their son, Arthur S. Fiske, who died of consumption at Meran, Austria, just as he had completed his preparations for a professorship in Hartford Theological seminary.

In 1894 he opened an optical establishment, in which he has been occupied to the present time and which he hopes to continue while he has strength to labor.

In conclusion, he wishes to express grateful acknowledgments for uniform health and for strength scarcely impaired; for comforts of home, made bright and happy by loving companions and hosts of friends; in these last days, for the unspeakable privilege of meeting classmates in their fiftieth reunion; and also to record his unchanging faith in the ultimate complete recovery of suffering humanity through the uplifting power of our brother, Jesus the Christ. P. O. address, 72 Madison street, Chicago, Ill.



JAMES BROWN LORD.

Edward Payson Lane, born at Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O., May 5, 1833, entered Amherst in 1851, remained one term and then went into mercantile business, but, health failing, he went south and died at Memphis, Tenn., May 18, 1869.

He was married, Sept. 26, 1854, to Lucinda Tanner of Cincinnati, O. They had four children.

Cyrus Baldwin Lombard, born in Aurelius, N. Y., April 28, 1829, entered Amherst in 1851, remained one term, studied theology privately with W. R. G. Mellen (Universalist) at Auburn, N. Y. In 1855 he commenced preaching at Girard, Pa., was pastor in Plymouth, Mass., in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Springfield, Ill., preached also for a time in Medford, Shirley and New Bedford, Mass., and in 1879 was pastor of the Universalist church in Neenah, Wis. Dec. 17, 1880, he was "quite out of health," in Auburn, N. Y.

In 1871, he married Lizzie Dillon of Virden, Ill., a portrait artist. His wife, a staid lady of 57, is a Spiritualist and a leader of the faith in Peoria. Their daughter, Jessie, now of age, 26 (1905), imbibed the spirit, and is a prosperous artist, conducting as such a studio in Peoria, Ill. Their son, Ernest, aged 24, is taking a civil engineering course in St. Paul, Minn. P. O. address, 31 Old Library building, Peoria, Ill.

James Brown Lord was born in Ipswich, Mass., June 6, 1835. He taught one year after graduating in Hempstead, L. I., N. Y., then studied law with Hon. Otis P. Lord, in Salem, Mass., and later at Harvard Law school, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1860. Admitted to the bar in July, 1860, he has since practiced his profession in Boston, excepting the years 1861 to 1865, when he was practicing in Methuen, Mass. He still shakes a stick.

His wife, M. Arvilla Hibbard of Methuen, Mass., whom he married April 11, 1866, is still his companion, and his daughter (unmarried) lives at home.

Matthew McClung was born in Knoxville, Tenn., March 11, 1833. After graduation he immediately entered the law school at Lebanon, Tenn., where by reading during vacations he graduated in the autumn of 1856. He practiced his profession with great success one year in Lexington, Mo., but was obliged by ill health, on account of the climate, to return to Tennessee. April 29, 1858, he married Julia Anderson of Nashville, Tenn., and began business in Knoxville. About eighteen months later he accepted the offer of a partnership in a large wholesale dry goods establishment, in which his father-in-law was the senior partner, in Nashville, where he remained until the breaking out of the war, securing for himself quite a handsome fortune, which was subsequently lost by the casualties of war. Though at first strongly opposed to secession, he joined the army under A. S. Johnson after hostilities began, served through the war, and was paroled at Macon, Ga., by Gen. Wilson of the U. S. army. After settling the debris of his former business, he entered into partnership with the firm of Carrick, Hollins & Co., wholesale boot, shoe and hat dealers, at Nashville, Tenn. In 1872 he received a most flattering business offer in Knoxville, and in January, 1873, removed to that city, where he has remained to the present time. Since 1879 he has been a member of the firm of Cowan, McClung & Co., wholesale dry goods, notions and men's furnishings, in Knoxville, Tenn. His firm, a classmate writes, "is rated a million." His life has been characterized by close confinement and exacting labor, but he is apparently about as active and can accomplish as much as ever. Though a democrat, ardently loving his state and section, he is charitable toward those who hold different opinions, is an admirer of our republican institutions, uncompromisingly opposed to men who favor a departure from the old landmarks, and wants no solid South



MATTHEW McCLUNG.

nor solid North, but a compact and solid Union, with God-fearing men to occupy places of trust and power.

Mr. McClung was elected a vice-president of the Society of the Alumni at Amherst, in 1905.

The wife of his youth is still with him, and is, as he thinks, "a perfect 'none such,'" "the sweetest wife ever vouchsafed to any man." It was through her influence and example that he began a new life and united with the church and engaged in religious work.

Of their nine children, only two are living. The oldest son resides in Knoxville with his wife and two young daughters. The youngest son is the assistant superintendent of the great steel plant at Chicago, Ill., a man of character and ability of a very high order.

He has with him, also, a little granddaughter, the motherless child of his youngest daughter, Pattie G., who died in giving her birth.

Benjamin Mattice, born in Middleburg, N. Y., April 8, 1830, entered Amherst third term Freshman year, and remained one term. Graduated at Amherst in the class of 1856, engaged in teaching eight terms, studied law three years, was admitted to the bar in Albany in 1863, and has practiced his profession in Mascoutah, Ill., and in Pueblo, Colo. He was register in bankruptcy for the 12th Illinois district six years.

He was married, May 27, 1869, to Sarah L. Rayhill of Mascoutah, Ill. Three children.

George Bradley Melvin, born in Derry, N. H., Feb. 21, 1834, entered with the class in 1851, and took dismission in third term Sophomore year. "Talents took a fiddlebow turn, while he had a constitutional antipathy to study." He never studied a profession, on account of ill health, and died at home Aug. 26, 1857.

Orville Willard Merrill, born in Orford, N. H., March 21, 1826, left college at the end of the first term Freshman year, studied theology at East Windsor, preached in Corinth, Vt., Waterloo, Iowa, and was pastor at Anamosa, Iowa, eight years. He was then superintendent of home missions for Nebraska from 1870 until his death, in Lincoln, Neb., March 11, 1874. He received an honorary A. M. from Iowa college.

He was married, Nov. 28, 1861, to Anna J. Couch of Westfield, N. Y. They had two children.

Phineas Mixer, Jr., of Unionville, Ohio, was born Oct. 18, 1828, entered Amherst second term Sophomore year, and left at the close of second term Junior year. He graduated at Williams college in 1855, studied theology, and graduated at Lane Theological seminary in 1858.

He was later a farmer in DeWitt, Ark. He died in 1880.

George Lowell Montague, born in South Hadley, Mass., Dec. 15, 1833, entered college with the class and left at the end of second term Junior year, and graduated at Williams college in 1855. He engaged in teaching at Beloit, Wis., and Freeport, Ill., 1856—1860; studied law; entered the army in 1861, was lieutenant and captain of 37th Mass. regiment, was promoted to the rank of major and lieutenant colonel, and was brevetted colonel, May 12, 1864, "for distinguished gallantry in the battle of Spottsylvania Court House." After the battle of Winchester, Col. Montague was in command of the town of Winchester for four months. After the war he engaged in life insurance, as actuary of the Universal Life Insurance Co. of New York, and later as a broker. Since 1888 he has been president of Mount Hope Cemetery association, 380 Sixth avenue, New York city.



WILLIAM LEWIS MONTAGUE.

Col. Montague delivered the Memorial day address at Fairhaven, Mass., May 30, 1903.

His wife, May Demming of Sterling, Ill., whom he married May 29, 1865, died July 28, 1879. No children.

William Lewis Montague, born in Belchertown, Mass., April 6, 1831, engaged in teaching two terms before graduating, then two years at Williston seminary and thirty-eight years at Amherst college. At Williston, where he prepared for college, [Ayres, Buck, Dickinson, Graves, Hawley, Howland, Kelsey, G. L. Montague, Moore and Nason were his classmates also at Williston] he was teacher of Latin and Greek; at Amherst, tutor in Latin and mathematics, instructor in Latin and French, and professor of French, Italian and Spanish. He also studied theology privately, spent a vacation of six weeks at Andover Theological seminary, made a full abstract of Professor Parks' entire course on systematic theology, was licensed to preach by the Hampshire East association, Feb. 14, 1860, and later supplied various churches. In addition to his work as teacher, he was registrar of the college twenty years (1860—1880,) librarian of the college fourteen years (1864—1878), and manager of the Amherst Summer School of Languages, 1883—1896.

As secretary of a committee of the alumni he conducted the correspondence which resulted in the establishment of class scholarships. As a member of the faculty, he served on the committee on degrees, on the curriculum, and on the assignment of scholarships. He took an active part in the work of the college church, was deacon twenty years, and for a long time clerk of the church. As secretary and treasurer of the library committee, 1864—1895, he ordered all books approved by the committee and paid, from income of library funds, all the bills, amounting to about fifty thousand dollars. He took a deep interest in the village improvement association, and as

chairman of its executive committee superintended the grading of the public park.

He has been many years a member of the *Société de Linguistique de Paris*, the American Philological association, and the Modern Language association of America. During his connection with the college he made three trips to Europe on leave of absence for the purpose of study and travel, 1865—1866, 1871—1872, 1889—1890. He resigned his professorship in 1895, and spent four years (1896—1900) in Paris in literary work. Since his return to Amherst he has been engaged in private teaching and in editing books, also as instructor in English literature with the Home Correspondence school, Springfield, Mass, since 1902. He received the degree of Ph.D. from Illinois Wesleyan university in 1893.

He has published, as author or editor, "Manual of Italian Grammar," 1870 (3d edition, 1888); "Catalogue of Books added to Amherst College Library from 1855 to 1871," (14,300 volumes), 1871; "Comparative Grammar of the Spanish Language, with an Historical Introduction," 1873; "Introduction to Italian Literature," 1875; Sketch of Amherst College Library (in "Public Libraries of the United States,"), 1876; "French Language and Literature," in Johnson's Cyclopædia, 1876; "Manual of the Church of Christ in Amherst College," 1878; "Quarter-Centennial Record of the Class of '55 Amherst College," 1880; "The Montague Family in England," an address, 1882; "Biographical Record of Non-Graduate Members of Amherst College, 1821—1871," 1881; "Biographical Record of Alumni of Amherst College, 1821—1871," 1883; History and Genealogy of the Montague Family in America," with George W. Montague, the compiler, 1885; Modern Italian Readings in Prose and Poetry," 1893; "*La Fille de Roland par Bornier*," with notes and introduction, 1895; "Biographical Record of Alumni and Non-Graduate Members of Amherst College, Vol. II, 1871—

1896," 1901. He has also contributed articles to the *New England Magazine*, *Academy* and newspapers.

The wife of his youth, Rebecca Waterman Pope of Plymouth, Mass., whom he married Aug. 19, 1858, is still the light and joy of his home. Their two adopted children are both living. Fred is married and has two children.

Charles William Moore, born in West Boylston, Mass., Nov. 28, 1832, entered with the class in 1851; left college at the end of the first term Junior year; on the Illinois Central R. R., 1854—1858; high school teacher and superintendent of schools in Massachusetts, Illinois and Minnesota, 1858—1862, 1863—1869. He enlisted in Co. I, 51st regiment, Mass. Vols., Aug. 19, 1862, for nine months service; was promoted 1st sergeant, May 19, 1863; commissioned 2d lieutenant, June 1, 1863, and mustered out July 27, 1863. He was superintendent of the western division of the St. Paul and Pacific R. R. from 1869 to April, 1876, then travelling salesman for a wholesale grocery establishment in Minneapolis, Minn., and later in the fire insurance business until his death, Oct. 17, 1891.

His wife, L. Amanda Harthan of West Boylston, Mass., whom he married April 10, 1859, died in Minneapolis, March 9, 1895. Their five children are all living, all married, and all pleasantly situated. The eldest daughter is the wife of Judge Charles L. Lewis of St. Paul, Minn. The son is a banker in Merriam Park, Minn. All reside in Minnesota except the youngest, who lives in Brookline, Mass.

Henry Bradford Nason was born in Foxborough, Mass., June 22, 1831, entered college in 1852, and graduated in the scientific department. He then went to Germany and studied chemistry, mineralogy and geology in the University of Göttingen, also attended lectures on physics and botany, and graduated with the degree of Ph.D. in 1857. In April, 1858, he was

appointed professor of natural history in the Rensselaer Polytechnic institute, Troy, N. Y., and in September, 1858, accepted the professorship of chemistry and natural science at Beloit college, Wis., lecturing half a year in each of these institutions from 1858 to 1866, when he was appointed professor of chemistry and mineralogy at the Rensselaer institute, a position which he held until his death, from apoplexy, in Troy, Jan. 18, 1895.

Dr. Nason made extended tours in different parts of Europe, in the interest of scientific studies, in 1855—1857, 1861, 1877, and 1884. For the same purpose he also visited California and other western states, at several different times. He served as juror in the international exposition at Paris in 1878. The same year he was elected fellow of the London Chemical society. He was also a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and of the Society of Chemical Industry, England, a member of the American Chemical society, of the Troy Scientific association, of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, of the Norske Turistforenings, Christiana, Norway; a corresponding member of the New York Academy of Science, and an honorary member of the Albany Institute. He was director of the Technical Museum of the Pratt institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., for the year 1888—1889. The degree of M. D. was conferred upon him by Union college, N. Y., in 1880, and that of LL.D. by Beloit college in the same year.

Dr. Nason was the author of *Inaugural Dissertation on the Formation of Ether*, 1857; a translation and revision of *Wöhler's Handbook of Mineral Analysis*, 1860; *Table of Reaction for Qualitative Analysis*, 1865; *Table for Qualitative Analysis in Colors*, 1870; a translation and revision of Elderhorst's *Manual of Blowpipe Analysis*, 1873; Fourth and fifth editions of the same, 1875—1876; *Manual of Blowpipe Analy-*

sis and Determinative Mineralogy, 1880; *Biographical Record of the Officers and Graduates of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute*, 1886.

His wife, Frances K. Townsend of Troy, N. Y., whom he married Sept. 7, 1864, died Dec. 7, 1902.

Her son, Henry T. Nason, county judge of Rensselaer county, died March 30, 1903.

Moses Noerr, born in Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 17, 1833, entered the Sophomore class at Amherst in 1852, and Princeton Theological seminary in 1856, and graduated there in 1859. He was ordained at Maquoketa, Ia., in June, 1860, and remained pastor of the church there four years, then became pastor of the Presbyterian church at Bellevue, Ia. After two years service, ill health obliged him to give up the charge, but in January, 1867, he resumed work at Arlington, Ill., and later at Beulah and Coal Valley churches, 1868—1870; at Milan, Ill., 1871—1877; in Gilman, Ill., 1878—1880. He then served as pastor of the Presbyterian churches in Decatur, Mich., Hamburg, Iowa, Leon, Ia., Dallas Center, Ia., and Sidney, Ia., until May 1, 1896, when he removed to California, and preached only occasionally, as the feeble state of his health would allow.

While in California he renounced the reveries of a bachelor and was married to Mrs. Cornelia M. Barrows, at Pamalpair, July 15, 1896. She died Jan. 21, 1899. In 1900 he returned to Kansas City, Kan., where he has been abiding in the home of his sister at 1016 Ann avenue, quietly passing his days, with strength declining, and patiently awaiting the call of the Master to enter "the Rest that remaineth for the people of God."

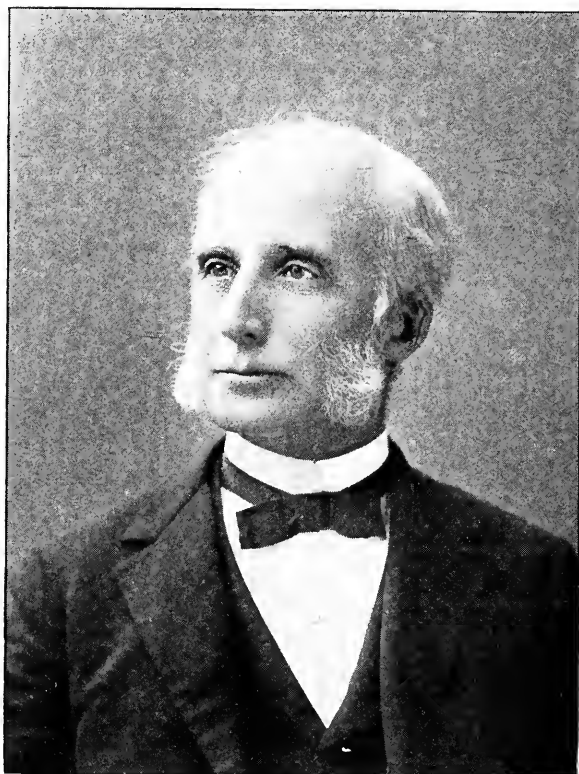
John Orne, Jr., was born in Newburyport, Mass., April 29, 1834. Since graduation he has been engaged in teaching, principally as sub-master in high schools, in Southampton, N. H., Newburyport, Salem and Cambridge, Mass. He was connected with the high school in Cambridge, as sub-master and teacher of physics, from 1867 until he retired from public teaching in 1900. His time is now mostly spent in study and investigation of Oriental subjects, but does some private teaching in Arabic language and literature. He holds an honorary position as curator of Arabic manuscripts in the Semitic museum at Harvard university. He is a member of the American Oriental society, Harvard Biblical club, Cambridge Art circle, and Boston Society of Natural History. He has written many papers for the Semitic conference of Harvard university and the Harvard Biblical club, some of which have been published in the magazines of the day.

June 28, 1896, he received from Amherst the honorary degree of Ph.D. for "attainments in Arabic language and literature."

His wife, Louisa Fisk Lindsay of Salem, whom he married Nov. 28, 1867, is still his companion in life's journey, giving help and encouragement.

Levi Sewall Packard, born in Spencer, Mass., June 7, 1834, engaged in teaching from 1855 to 1896; at Chatham, N. Y., till 1859; then in Nassau, N. Y., one year; Spencer-town, N. Y., three years; West Stockbridge, Mass., three years; later was principal of the Charlton academy, Charlton, N. Y., until 1869, when he became superintendent of schools at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., leaving there in 1882.

In 1888, he removed to Pinebluff, N. C., then an absolute wilderness, now a pleasant, growing town, a really desirable



JAMES CHALLIS PARSONS.

winter resort. Mr. Packard is now president of the board of trade and has a large family boarding house named Packard Square.

His second wife, Marion P. Brown of Plattsburg, N. Y., whom he married June 26, 1877, and three of his six children, are living. His oldest son has been many years in the banking business at Warrensburg, N. Y., and is now on his fourth term as county treasurer.

James Challis Parsons was born in Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 16, 1833. From 1855 to 1857 he was principal of the high school at Marblehead, Mass., and from 1857 to 1859 was a member of the Divinity school of Harvard university. He was ordained June 6, 1860, at Waltham, Mass., and was pastor of the Unitarian church there till 1864. In that year he became principal of the high school in that town, preaching occasionally until 1877. After a three years pastorate at Athol, Mass., he was appointed principal of the Prospect Hill School for Girls in Greenfield, Mass., and continued in that office until the summer of 1896. Under his management the school gained steadily in the number of pupils, and attained an enviable reputation for the thoroughness of its work and the refining influence of the school and home life. He also found time for considerable literary work in connection with his school duties, and contributed to various periodicals and magazines, especially to the *New World* and the *Unitarian Review*. He was the author of a book on *English Versification*, which has been used by several colleges, and of *The Living Word*, a compilation from the Scriptures for church and home use.

On account of ill health he resigned the principalship of the school, and removed to West Bridgewater, Mass., and there devoted himself to the composition of a work on *The Conception of Theism*. His death from myclitis occurred June 30, 1897.

His wife, Etta A. Blaisdell of Marblehead, Mass., whom he married Nov. 24, 1859, is living at 13 Farrar street, Cambridge, Mass. (in summer at Green Harbor, Mass.) Their three daughters are all living and are married. Abby Parsons MacDuffie, Radcliffe A. B., and John MacDuffie, Ph.D. (a graduate of Harvard) are principals of the MacDuffie School, Springfield, Mass. They have three children, two daughters and one son. Sarah L. married Ralph Waldo Gifford, A. B. Harvard, a lawyer of the firm of Villard, Gifford & Cox, New York city. They have four children, three sons and one daughter. Elizabeth C. married Professor Comfort Avery Adams, E. E., Lawrence Scientific School, Harvard university. One son.

Philip Chester Porter was born in Berkley, Mass., April 17, 1833. After graduation he engaged in teaching, and in this occupation spent the greater part of his life. He was principal of Dighton academy, 1855—1857; Reading high school, 1858—1860; Newton grammar school, 1861; Swampscott grammar school, 1867—1873; high school in Medway, 1875—1877, and of the high schools in Wrentham, Westminister and Sutton (all in Mass.), several years in succession, until obliged by ill health to withdraw from teaching. In 1863 and 1864 he was teacher of gymnastics in the public schools of Providence, R. I., and in the gymnasium in Detroit, Mich. He studied medicine in Michigan university, 1864—1865, and in Berkshire Medical institute, 1865—1866, and received there the degree of M. D. He practiced his profession in Lenox, Mass., 1866—1867, and later in Lowell, 1873—1875. After his withdrawal from teaching, impelled by his own necessity to a course of investigation, Dr. Porter discovered and applied a new principle in the construction of artificial legs. He secured a patent in 1889, and devoted himself to the manufac-



ERASTUS LADD PRENTICE.

ture of this leg until his death from tuberculosis, in Berkley, Mass., Jan. 11, 1895.

Dr. Porter was married, May 26, 1869, to Marion J. Wood of Jordan, N. Y., who died in 1897. One child died in infancy.

Erastus Ladd Prentice, born in Franklin, Conn., Aug. 20, 1825, entered Amherst from Genesee college, Lima, N. Y., first term of Junior year, 1853. While in college he preached nearly every Sunday in the Methodist chapel in South Amherst. After graduating he continued his theological studies and preaching at Kingston, N. Y., and was ordained by Bishop Simpson at the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church at Poughkeepsie in June, 1856. He was stationed at Kingston, N. Y., 1856—1857; St. Paul's, New York city, 1857—1858; Newburgh, N. Y., 1858—1859; the following years in succession at Chester, Matteawan, Tuckahoe, Poughkeepsie, Peekskill and Warwick, in the same state.

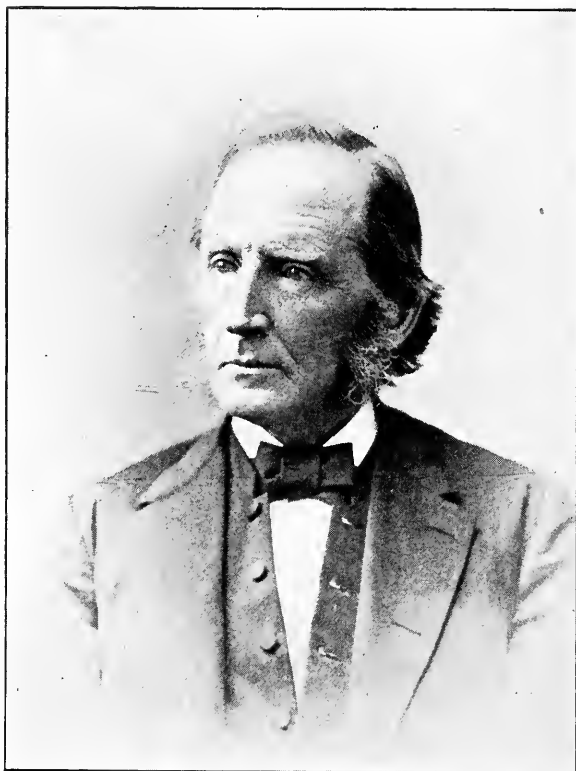
It is the testimony of those most competent to judge that Mr. Prentice was a highly gifted and useful minister. His purity of life, kindness of spirit and earnest devotion to his work, together with his intellectual abilities, commanded universal respect and admiration, in every place in which he ministered. As a preacher, he was evangelical, forcible, eloquent and successful. He died at Warwick, N. Y., Feb. 28, 1873, after a short illness, of congestion of the brain.

His wife, Ella M. Rogers of Kingston, N. Y., whom he married Oct. 12, 1858, is living in Brooklyn, N. Y., at 273 Quincy street. Their two children are both living. The daughter, Emma L., was married in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 15, 1887, to J. Graham Glover, an architect with office at 186 Remsen street. Her only child died twelve years ago. The son, Vincent R., is in business in New York, living in Brooklyn, is married and has one child.

Henry Baxter Prince, born in South Amherst, Mass., March 18, 1833, entered the scientific department in 1854, and left college before the end of the year. He became a farmer and later a merchant in Stillwater, Minn., where he died from disease of the kidneys, Aug. 3, 1900.

His wife, Emily S. Fales of New London, N. H., whom he married Sept. 14, 1854, died in 1892. Of his four children, Willis is dead; the others are living and married, Carrie, the eldest, in Minneapolis, Josie in Dakota, and Elliot H. in Stillwater, Minn.

Joseph Brown Reynolds was born in Rockport, Mass., Jan. 28, 1834. After graduation, he taught a short time in Concord, Mass., then went to Illinois and Missouri, but returned in 1857 and commenced the study of medicine with his father; was for a time, also, in charge of an apothecary shop, and later took the degree of M. D. in the medical school of Harvard university in 1862, and the same year was appointed city physician to the Boston institutions at Deer Island. In April, 1863, he was commissioned as assistant surgeon of the 49th regiment, Mass. Vols. He was in service at the battle of Port Hudson, and was in charge of the Theatre hospital at Baton Rouge when the regiment was mustered out of service. He then held the position of acting assistant surgeon in the United States army, by appointment of the department surgeon, and was in charge of various hospitals until failing health compelled him, in May, 1864, to retire from the service and to return to Massachusetts. Although in the army only one year, he endured more hardship and bore greater responsibilities than many who served a much longer time, performing his duties with credit and honor to himself and to the satisfaction of others.



HENRY JACKSON RICHARDSON.

In 1868 he went to New Salem, Ill., and there practiced his profession until his death from disease contracted in the army service, Aug. 28, 1871.

On the 19th of February, 1868, he was married to Mary Ludlow of Griggsville, Ill., who also had served a long time in the army.

Henry Jackson Richardson was born in Middleton, Mass., June 23, 1829. He taught one year in Topsfield academy, then entered Andover Theological seminary, where he graduated in 1859. On the 6th of September, 1860, he was ordained and installed pastor of the First Congregational church in Lincoln, Mass. He was released from pastoral services May 10, 1892, on account of ill health, but continued in office as pastor emeritus until his death from an attack of the grip, Dec. 19, 1893.

He was married, June 26, 1864, to Mrs. Harriet A. (Colburn) French of St. Paul, Minn., formerly of Lincoln, Mass. She is still living in Lincoln, Mass. No children.

Lewis Shearer, of St. Louis, Mo., was born in Buffalo, N. Y., May 18, 1832, entered Amherst in 1851, remained one year, graduated LL.B. at Harvard Law school in 1855, and practiced his profession continuously in San Francisco, Cal., from November, 1855, until a few months previous to his death, which occurred in Oakland, Cal., Dec. 25, 1887. Oakland had been his place of residence since 1866. He edited Digest of California reports, held political positions, and was on the Republican State Central committee during the war.

He was married, Nov. 15, 1859, to Helen Lawrence of Groton, Mass., who, with three daughters, survived him. The eldest daughter graduated in 1885 from the University of California, is married and has two sons. The youngest daughter is also married and living in Oakland. The other is unmarried, and lives with her mother at 575 Merrimac street, Oakland, Cal.

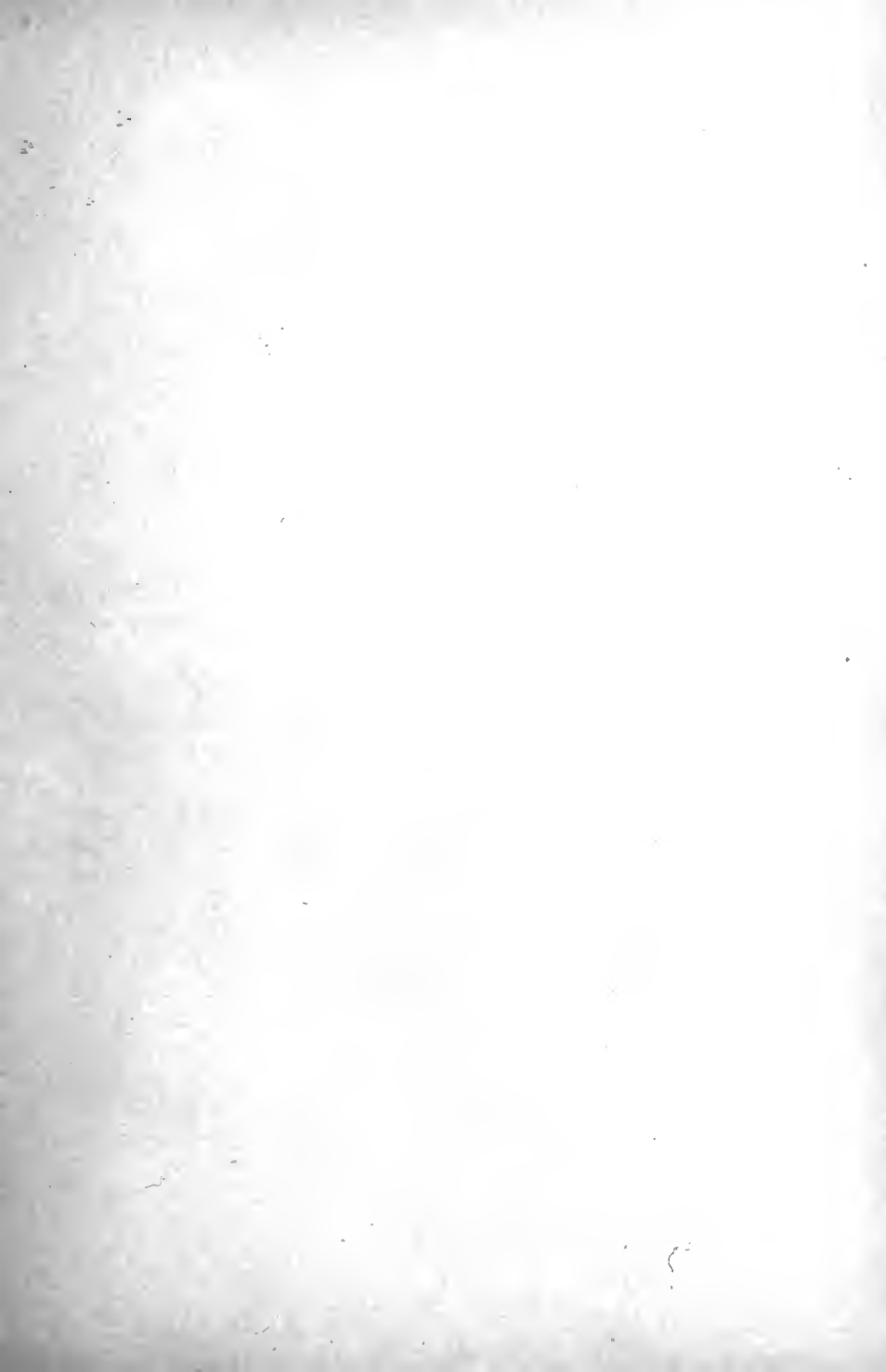
Horace Leonard Singleton was born at Portsmouth, Va., Dec. 27, 1833. After graduating, he studied theology at Princeton, 1856—1859, and was ordained by the Presbytery of Upper Missouri, October, 1860. He was pastor at Chillicothe, Mo., 1860—1861, then became pastor of the Broadway Presbyterian church, Baltimore, Md., remaining one year, was at Bel Air, Md., 1863—1864; at Baltimore, 1864—1865, and at Wilmington, N. C., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, from January, 1866, to October, 1871.

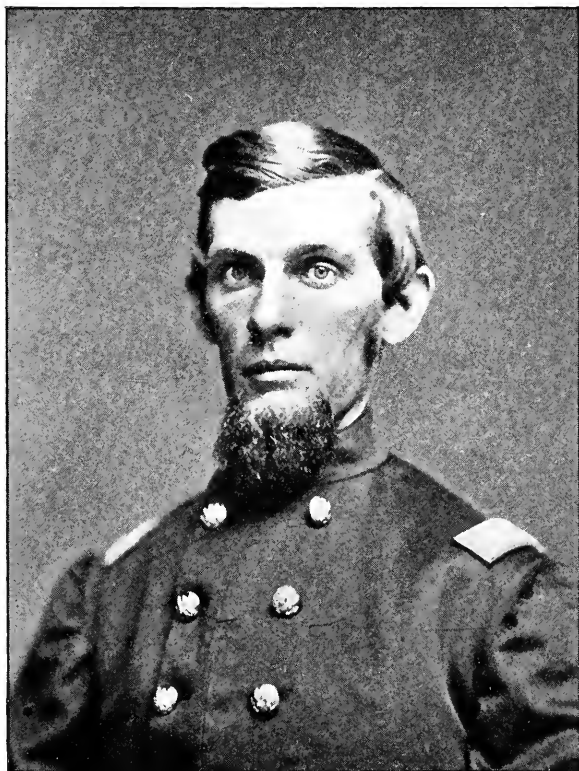
He was editor of *Good News* and *Alliance*, Baltimore, Md., 1872—1874, and has been without charge since 1874, and has resided in New York city since 1887.

He was joint author of *The Monumental City; its Past History and Present Resources*.

On Oct. 20, 1863, he was married to Martha Colgate Morling of Baltimore, Md. They have two daughters.

Charles Edward Spinney, born in Taunton, Mass., May 24, 1831, entered Amherst September, 1852, class of 1856; left the classical course in the third term of Junior year, studied civil engineering, and graduated in the scientific department (B. S.) in 1855. His occupation through life was teaching; in the high school, Lynn, Mass., 1855—1856; in a commercial college, Milwaukee, Wis., 1856—1861; as principal of public schools in Oconomowoc, Wis., 1861—1862, and in the public schools of Milwaukee, 1863—1886. In 1877, when the Fourteenth district school was dedicated, Mr. Spinney was chosen principal, and under his management it became one of the largest in the city and had a state reputation. It was the first school visited by the Italian and French commissioners when they came to Milwaukee to inspect the schools. This position he filled most acceptably until his death from pneumonia, Feb.





EZRA THOMPSON SPRAGUE.

28, 1886. He was for some time assistant editor of the Milwaukee *School Monthly*.

Mr. Spinney was married, June 15, 1861, to Elsie H. Hall of Seattle, Wash., who, with three of their five children, is still living at 681 Marietta avenue, Milwaukee, Wis. The son is engaged in the typewriter business. Their two daughters are graduates of the Normal school in Milwaukee.

Ezra Thompson Sprague was born in Windham, Conn., June 23, 1833. After teaching one year in West Killingly (now Danielsonville) academy (in which he prepared for college) he went to Madison, Wis., studied law and was admitted to the bar in December, 1857. He practiced his profession in that city until April, 1861, when he enlisted as a private in the 1st regiment Wisconsin volunteers. Three months later he was commissioned adjutant of the 8th Wisconsin, the famous "Eagle" regiment. In January, 1863, he was appointed adjutant general of the brigade, and a few months later of the division. In July, 1864, he was commissioned colonel of the 42d Wisconsin regiment, and served in that capacity till the end of the war. In September, 1864, he was stationed at Cairo, Ill., as commander of the post, and in June, 1865, was brevetted brigadier general for "meritorious services during the war." He saw most of the hard service in clearing the Mississippi valley; was in the battle of Fredericktown, Mo., 1861; the siege of Island No. 10; the battles of Iuka and Corinth, 1862; Jackson, Miss., 1863, and the siege of Vicksburg, in the same year; also at Pensacola and in the Red River expedition. He left the service in 1865.

After the war he practiced law in De Pere, Wis., till 1870, when he was appointed circuit judge, but after fifteen months' service he was obliged by ill health to leave Wisconsin and go to the mountains. In 1873 he went to Utah, recovered his

health, resumed practice in Salt Lake City in 1875, holding also appointments as U. S. commissioner and register in bankruptcy. In 1876 he was appointed clerk of the supreme court, and held the office until his death from consumption, Dec. 30, 1888. He was a trustee of Salt Lake academy from the time of its incorporation to the end of his life.

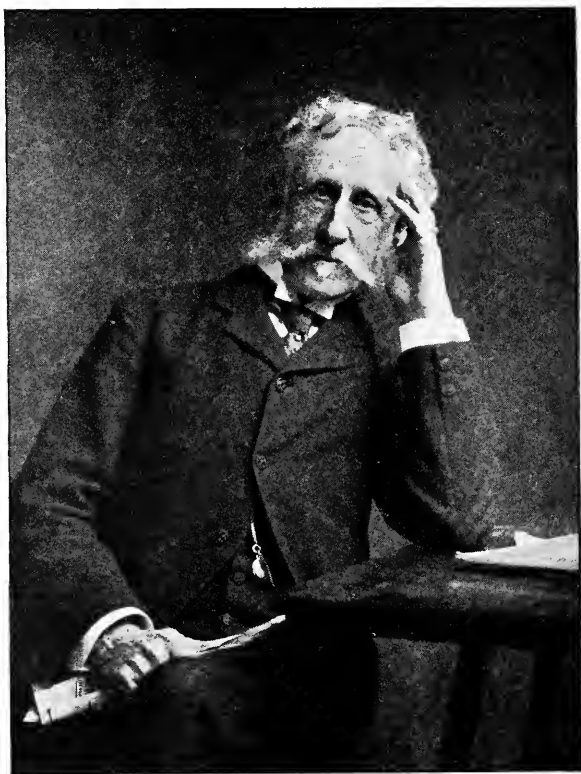
"Judge Sprague stood high at the bar, and his kind disposition and great integrity won for him the confidence, respect and esteem of all who knew him."

His wife, Helen A. Crandall of Clinton, Wis. (originally from Connecticut), whom he married Nov. 20, 1860, and four of their five children survived him. Her present address is 360 Center street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

The oldest son is in business, is married, and has two children, son and daughter. The youngest son is a chemist, and took a special course at the State university, but did not graduate. The oldest daughter, a graduate of St. Marks, Salt Lake City, is librarian of the public library. The youngest daughter, a graduate of Hammond Hall, is married and has three children.

John Buffington Stickney, born in Lynn, Mass., May 25, 1832, entered with the class in 1851, remained four terms, was two terms in the class of 1856, and then went to Yale, where he graduated in 1856. He then read law with his father, and was admitted to the bar in New York in 1857.

During the war he raised a company of volunteers, and entered the U. S. service, Aug. 1, 1862, as 2d lieutenant, Co. A, 35th Mass. Vols.; was promoted to the rank of 1st lieutenant, Oct. 1, 1862, and captain, June 17, 1863; was in the battles of Antietam, South Mountain and Fredericksburg, and distinguished himself by his cool and courageous conduct. He acted as judge advocat  and for a time as adjutant of his regiment.



EDWARD ALEXANDER STRONG.

He was discharged June 7, 1864. In 1869 he went to St. Augustine, Fla., where he practiced his profession and was appointed state attorney for the Sixth judicial circuit of Florida. He died at Washington, D. C., in 1882. He received the degree of M. A. from Yale in 1870.

Mr. Stickney was married, Nov. 10, 1863, to Carrie F. Rust of Boston, Mass.

Edward Alexander Strong was born in Boston, Mass., Dec. 10, 1834. The year subsequent to graduation he spent in travel abroad, including a trip to Egypt and Palestine. After his return he entered Andover Theological seminary, but at the end of one term relinquished professional study, in consequence of ill health, and after spending the summer in efforts to recruit his health, he engaged in business with his father (and subsequently alone), as manufacturer and wholesale dealer in boots and shoes at 97 and 99 Pearl street, Boston. In 1867 he spent nine months in a general tour of Europe with his wife, and in 1874 went abroad the third time on a summer trip for his health. He has also traveled extensively in this country, west and south, and to California in 1878.

He retired from active business in 1882, and went abroad with his family in that year, and again in 1883, but then chiefly for medical treatment. In the years since, as well as before, he has been interested as director in banks and other corporations and in the care of trust estates. He served five years, 1885—1890, on the board of trustees of Amherst college. Increasing deafness in recent years has led him to give up all positions of outside responsibility. For many years past he has been an Episcopalian, and is now a member of the parish of Trinity church.

His wife, Marion H. Clarke of Brookline, Mass., whom he married June 10, 1858, and their two children are all

living. His son, George A. (Amherst, 1880) is now rector of Christ (Episcopal) church in New York city, and has three children. His daughter, Ellen C., is wife of Prof. William Bullock Clarke (Amherst, 1884) of Johns Hopkins university, and has four children.

Chauncey Boardman Thomas was born in New Salem, Mass., Sept. 7, 1834. After graduation, he engaged in teaching, one year in Mr. E. Hall's family boarding school in Ellington, Conn., then in a select school in Westfield, Mass., one term. He entered Andover Theological seminary, September, 1857, and graduated there in 1860, having been absent several months in the summer of 1859, during which he took a trip to Europe for his health. He served as city missionary in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., from October, 1860, to June, 1862, when he was appointed hospital chaplain in the U. S. army, and served one year and a half at Alexandria, Va., and two years and a half at New Orleans, La. From June, 1866, to October, 1868, he was acting pastor of the Salem Congregational church in Chicago, Ill., then acting pastor of the Congregational church in Peru, Ill., till April, 1872, when, owing to ill health, he resigned and removed to Amherst, Mass., where he remained about four years, recruiting and preaching occasionally as he was able. In 1876, he accepted a call to the Congregational church in Glover, Vt., where he was installed Jan. 24, 1878, and remained nearly four years, until obliged by ill health he returned to Amherst, Mass., where he died of marasmus at the home of his brother, Jan. 20, 1881.

His wife, Kate Storm of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., whom he married Jan. 28, 1863, died in Amherst, May 15, 1903. Their son, Chauncey Rapelje Thomas, is an artist, a graduate of Pratt institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., at present in Alfred university, N. Y. P. O. address, Amherst, Mass.

Richard Albra Waldron of Dover, N. H., was born May 1832, entered Amherst with the class in 1851, and left at the close of the first term Sophomore year, "took dismissal for Brunswick." He studied at "some western college," became a physician, and practiced his profession in several places, and from 1873 in Nottingham, Wells county, Ind. "He was a good doctor and well thought of by all." He died in Nottingham, Ind., Aug. 7, 1900, and was buried at Dover, N. H.

His wife, Miriam Griest, a native of Pennsylvania, whom he married Sept. 12, 1874, had been dead many years. Their only child, Mary R., is the wife of W. E. Grant, of The Cross Company, East Milton, Mass.

Charles Henry Walton, born at Sherbrooke, C. E., June 12, 1834, entered the class as a Junior, in 1853, from the University of Vermont. For six years after graduation the time was spent principally in New York city and at New Haven, Conn., but his poor health rendered continuous application to anything almost impossible.

In the autumn of 1861 he enlisted in the army, and was commissioned 1st lieutenant in the 6th N. Y. Vols., and on joining his regiment at Santa Rosa Island, Fla., he was appointed acting assistant quartermaster, a position which he held till his health obliged him to leave the army near the close of the year 1862. After five years with a publishing house in New York city, he went to Jacksonville, Fla., and in June, 1868, to Tallahassee, where he became proprietor and editor of the Tallahassee *Sentinel*, then a democratic or rebel paper, hoisted the names of Grant and Colfax, and engaged in reconstruction to the best of his ability.

Later he returned to Jacksonville and took charge of the *Florida Agriculturist*, a position which he held until his death from consumption, June 27, 1877.

Mr. Walton was married, May 7, 1859, to Margaret Hughes of Brooklyn, N. Y., who, with two children, a son and daughter, survived him. They returned to Brooklyn, N. Y. His father's family has lost trace of them.

George Washburn was born in Middleboro, Mass., March 1, 1833. The first year after graduation was spent in traveling abroad, in Europe, Egypt and Palestine, in company with classmate Strong, Professor Tyler and Richard Mather of '57. After another year of travel in America, he entered Andover Theological seminary, but on account of ill health remained only one year. From 1858 to 1862, he was treasurer of the A. B. C. F. M. in Constantinople, Turkey, and was licensed to preach there in 1860. In May, 1862, he returned to America, spent a year at Andover attending lectures of the middle and senior classes, as resident licentiate, was ordained July 29, 1863, at Middleboro, and returned to Constantinople as missionary of the A. B. C. F. M. This position he held five years, working twelve hours a day, preaching every Sunday, doing the financial work of the board in that city, studying Turkish, writing sermons, helping edit two newspapers, writing more or less every month for the periodical press of England and America, corresponding constantly with all the missionaries in Turkey and with one or two English societies in London. In 1868 he resigned his connection with the board and returned to America, where he spent several months visiting the principal cities and towns, delivering addresses, speaking in behalf of missions and making special efforts to awaken an interest in the subject of woman's work in the church.

In the spring of 1869 he returned to Constantinople as professor of mental and moral philosophy in Robert college, a position which he still holds. He was also director of the college, 1871—1872; acting president, 1872—1877, and presi-



GEORGE WASHBURN.

dent, 1877—1903. In 1904, he returned to the United States, still holding his position as professor, and is now engaged in raising an endowment for the college. He received the degree of D. D. from Amherst in 1874 and LL.D. in 1900. He also received the degree of LL.D. from Princeton and Michigan universities, and an offer of the same from the University of Pennsylvania, which he has not yet had the opportunity to formally receive.

During all his life in Constantinople, 1858—1904, he has interested himself in everything which concerned the welfare of the different nationalities of the Turkish empire, and while he has never favored revolution or sedition, and has never held any official diplomatic position, he has been generally recognized as an authority and a power in the changes which have taken place during the last forty years in the East, especially in Bulgaria. The first Bulgarian national assembly passed a resolution thanking him for what he had done for the elevation of the Bulgarian people, and in securing their independence. Prince Alexander conferred on him the order of St. Alexander, and Prince Ferdinand, that of Civil Merit, a distinguished honor. The Greek and Armenian patriarchs of Constantinople, when he left Europe last summer, gave him their blessing and the thanks of their churches and their peoples for what he had done for them. Other special addresses were presented to him, by the faculty, the trustees and the alumni of the college, by the English and American residents, headed by the British ambassador and the American minister.

The following editorial notice of Dr. Washburn, his work and influence, appeared in the *Congregationalist*, May 3, 1902 :

“ No living American, in our judgment, exercises a greater influence in the Levant, or is better acquainted with the life of all the vast region of which Turkey has been or is the ruler and of which Constantinople is the national center, than Dr.

George Washburn. Many Americans, much better known in their own country, have had far less to do in shaping the affairs of the world than he. It is for this reason that we place his portrait on our cover page. As president of Robert college, he has sent forth a picked army of young men of many nationalities impressed by the ideas and purposes of a broad-minded, noble Christian educator and statesman. His home overlooking the Bosphorus is one of the most picturesque and beautiful spots to be found in all the world. The life which moves on around him is always of intense interest, and often surcharged with suppressed excitement. But in the midst of it he patiently and calmly carries on the work of the institution of which he is the head and plans for future years, while he is the friend and counselor of representatives of great nations. Professor Hamlin in his characterization of him on another page does not make too strong a statement when he says in his closing sentence, 'Perhaps none among them all wields an influence of wider ultimate outreach than Dr. Washburn.'

April 15, 1859, he married Henrietta L. Hamlin of Constantinople. "The wisest thing he ever did." She is still his companion, counselor and helper. Of their three children two died in infancy. The eldest, George Hamlin, graduated at Amherst in 1882, received M. D. at Harvard in 1885, and has since been practicing his profession in Boston, is married and has five children.

His picture is from a photograph taken at Constantinople in 1893. When sending it he wrote: "Excuse the decoration. This photograph was taken for the boys, who like to see that I value this honor given by Prince Alexander of Bulgaria."

Benjamin Franklin Webster, born in Boston, Mass., Aug. 29, 1835, entered Amherst in January, 1853, from the school of Edward Wyman, LL.D., in St. Louis, Mo. After graduat-

ing he taught school one year in St. Louis, and one year in Monticello, Ill. During the years 1857 and 1861 he was editor of the *Daily Courier*, Alton, Ill. He studied law in St. Louis, 1858—1859, was admitted to the bar in November, 1859, and practiced his profession in Alton, Ill., until 1866. Within this period he was correspondent of the New York *Herald* with the Army of the Cumberland, 1861—1863, and confidential clerk of the assistant secretary of war, 1863—1864. In September, 1867, after a severe and protracted illness, he resumed the practice of law in St. Louis, devoting himself particularly to real estate law and the examination of titles, with great success until his death from heart failure, Nov. 2, 1903.

He was the founder of the Sterling & Webster Abstract Company, and its president from 1882 to 1892. He was a member of the State Senate from 1885 to 1889, and was the author of *Annals of the Army of the Cumberland*, published in 1867.

His wife, Mary E. Bragg of St. Louis, Mo., whom he married Sept. 3, 1868, died Dec. 29, 1902. Of their three surviving children, the oldest, George B., was a member of the class of 1889 (A. C.) during four terms, and is now a lawyer in St. Louis (Lincoln Trust building). The older daughter, Mrs. Rhoda A. Rukert, a widow with three children, lives in Waynesville, N. C.; the younger, Mrs. S. Hurley von Ruck, lives in Asheville, N. C. One son, Benjamin F., died at the age of seven years.

Henry Martin Wheeler, born in Worcester, Mass., Aug. 7, 1830, entered Amherst with the class, and left at the end of Freshman year. He was for some time a member of Brown university, and in 1861 became assistant secretary of the State Mutual Life Assurance company of Worcester. He was the author of *Report of Worcester Y. M. C. A.*, 1868—1869, and 1869—1870. At present he has no home, but spends part of

his time at Wellesley Farms and a part with his daughter at 73 Bartlett street, Andover, Mass.

His wife, Sarah H. Wilcox, whom he married June 13, 1854, died Aug. 21, 1896. Two of their children "have gone on before" them. Their son, Henry Huntington Wheeler, graduated at Amherst in the class of 1877, and is a fruit farmer living in Pomona, Cal.

Ozi William Whitaker, born in New Salem, Mass., May 10, 1830, entered Amherst with the class, and left at the end of the first term Sophomore year, on account of lack of funds. He taught one year in New Salem academy, then entered Middlebury college in 1854 and graduated in 1856. The next four years were passed in teaching, as principal of the high schools in Marlboro and North Brookfield. After completing the full course of three years in the General Theological seminary in New York, he was ordained deacon and priest, in Boston, in 1863. From 1863 to 1865 he was rector of St. John's church, Gold Hill, Nev., then of St. Paul's church, Englewood, N. J., 1865—1867, and of St. Paul's church, Virginia City, Nev., 1867—1869. In October, 1869, he was consecrated, in New York, missionary bishop of Nevada and Arizona.

Most of the time for the next six years was spent in hard, active, missionary work in that field, and from 1875 to 1886 in Nevada, with residence in Virginia City. In 1876 he established a diocesan school for girls at Reno, Nev. During the ten years which followed, the school grew to be a power and educational influence in the state. Several hundred girls were educated there who are now scattered from southern California to Washington and from the Pacific to the Rocky Mountains. The school exerted a powerful influence in the formation of womanly character, and is held in affectionate remembrance by all its students. An association of alumnae has been formed in



OZI WILLIAM WHITAKER.

San Francisco and one in Reno, Nev. In 1886 he was elected assistant bishop of the diocese of Pennsylvania, and entered upon the discharge of his duties the 1st of November in that year. In the following June, on the death of Bishop Stevens, he became bishop of the diocese. He shrank from assuming such great responsibility, but the uniform kindness with which he was received, and has since been treated by the clergy and laity, has been the great encouragement and comfort. The volume of labor involved has taxed his resources to the utmost.

In 1901 he had a severe attack of nervous prostration, from which he recovered very slowly, and was unable to do any work for about a year. The diocese gave him a year's leave of absence, and elected a bishop coadjutor, the Rt. Rev. Alexander Mackay-Smith, D. D. After spending the greater part of a year in California, he took up his work again, and has been able to continue it to the present time with the sympathetic and valuable help given by his coadjutor. The diocese has two hundred congregations, two hundred and eighty clergy, and many institutions, each making a greater or less demand upon the bishop's time and strength. It is the second largest diocese of the Episcopal church in the United States, of which he has now been bishop eighteen years, becoming as thoroughly identified with its work and interests as with that of the Pacific coast during the seventeen years in which he was missionary bishop of Nevada. He has published occasional sermons and addresses. He received the degree of D.D. from Kenyon college in 1869, and the degree of LL.D. from the University of Pennsylvania in 1898.

His wife, Julia Chester of New York city, whom he married Aug. 31, 1865, is still the light of his happy home. They have had no children.

Benjamin Franklin Williams, from Cincinnati, Ohio, entered the scientific department in 1854, and departed before the end of the year, leaving no record.

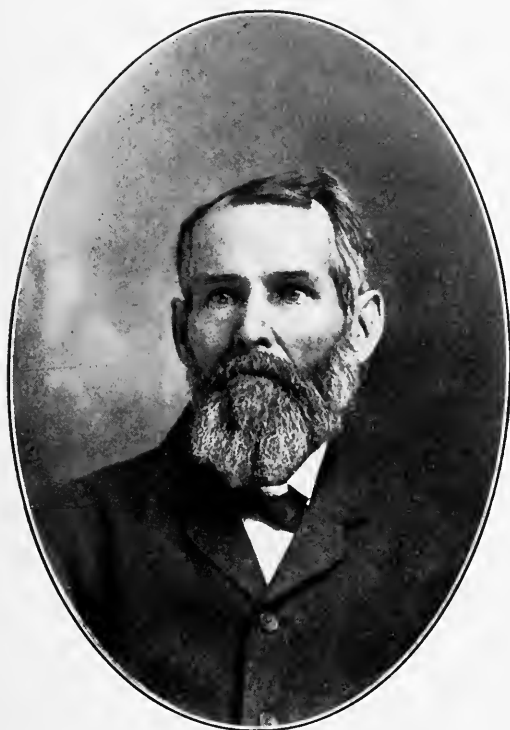
John Loren Wilson was born at Macomb, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., April 17, 1829. From 1855 to 1862 he was engaged in teaching in the public schools in or near the city of Springfield, Ill. On the 5th of August, 1862, he enlisted as a private, and in ten days, through his influence, a company was formed, of which he was elected captain, and mustered into the 114th Ill. Vol. Infantry. He served at Memphis and Vicksburg under Gen. Grant; was promoted assistant provost marshal at Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 27, 1864, and provost marshal in October, 1864. He was able to report for duty every day, was never captured or wounded, though many of his company fell at his side in battle and by disease in the swamps and trenches at Vicksburg, while others were in Southern prisons.

After the war he spent one year in teaching, then engaged in business, but finding the results unsatisfactory he made several trips to the far west, and finally purchased a farm and removed to Waco, York county, Neb., in February, 1879. He has enjoyed farming and been very successful. He has engaged in Christian work in connection with Sunday schools, organizing and helping to sustain them in country places.

Dec. 5, 1878, he married Mary A. Keyes of Pana, Ill., who with an infant son died Jan. 1, 1880.

On Oct. 13, 1881, he married Mrs. E. C. Bresee, whom he had known in his old home in DePeyster, N. Y., having two small children. They have one daughter, Lorena M., born June 7, 1886.

He was elected county commissioner in 1884, and in 1886 was elected to the Nebraska legislature as a representative from the county of York for two years. Since that time he has filled minor offices in the township and county as long as health permitted. He is in feeble health, but has a pleasant home and the tender care of a noble wife and daughter to cheer and comfort him. He has tried to do his duty in all stations and looks forward with hope and confidence.

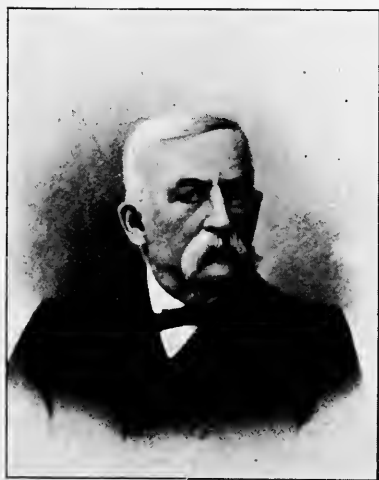


JOHN LOREN WILSON.

Henry Dwight Woodworth was born in Lebanon, Conn., Feb. 18, 1826. After graduation he was professor of mathematics in Paducah college, Ky., one year, and a teacher in North Scituate, R. I., one year. He then entered Andover Theological seminary and graduated there in 1860. He was ordained at East Bridgewater, Mass., Sept. 12, 1860, and was pastor of the Union church of East and West Bridgewater until 1862; then was acting pastor at Wellesley, 1863—1865; city missionary in Boston, 1866—1867; pastor at Westford, 1867—1869, and pastor at Rehoboth, 1870—1873, all in the same state.

On account of ill health he was without charge from 1873 to 1887, residing in East Cambridge, Mass. A part of that time, 1877—1887, he was engaged in the jewelry business in Boston. Re-entering the work of the ministry, he was acting pastor at North Falmouth, Mass., 1888—1890, and at East Granby, Conn., from 1890 until his death there from heart failure, consequent upon an attack of the grip, June 27, 1891.

His wife, Sarah E. Carlin of Brookfield, Mass., whom he married Aug. 14, 1855, died Aug. 27, 1884. Of their three sons, James A. died Jan. 30, 1903; Horace S. is married, and has two daughters; Henry L. is unmarried and lives with his brother at 15 Tenney street, North Cambridge, Mass.



HENRY DWIGHT WOODWORTH.

Historical Supplement.

The class of '55 was the first class to form a regular class organization in college. This was formed early in Senior year, and George Washburn was elected our first class president. Just before graduation a set of new officers were elected—C. H. Buck, president, and J. C. Caldwell, secretary.

Class Day.

Our *Class Day*, the day of all other days in college life, was celebrated at the beginning of the Senior vacation, six weeks before Commencement, when examinations had been passed and all college duties ended. The exercises of the day began with a class prayer meeting at 8 A. M. in the Senior room. Later in the morning the various recitation rooms were visited, where mock recitations were heard by members of the class, who had been chosen to personify the different professors. The public exercises, commencing at 2.30 P. M., included an oration, "delivered with energy, grace and effect," by Matthew McClung, on the subject, "Influence of the Lawyer upon Society;" then a song, composed for the occasion, was sung. This was probably the origin of the "Class Ode," though the Odist does not appear as a distinct Class Day officer until 1859.

The exercises in the church closed with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" by the class, after which they retired to the grove to smoke the pipe of peace and spend a jovial hour.

At 8 P. M., with Rufus Choate, Jr., as marshal, the class formed in procession, with a band of music, and marched to

the residences of the president and professors, where farewell words were spoken by Kelsey, Caldwell, Denison, Jefferds, Graves, Howard, Washburn, Parsons and Harris. At eleven, the class retired to the American House, where the "class supper" had been prepared by the proprietor, R. S. Lincoln. After the banquet followed the "feast of reason and flow of soul," with Dixie C. Hoyt as toastmaster. At five A. M. an adjournment was made to the Senior recitation room, where the time was spent in reciting stories of experiences until the hour for morning prayer, when all went into the chapel, took their accustomed seats for the last time, and received the benediction of their beloved President Stearns.

Class Reunions.

Previous to the semi-centennial meeting there have been six regular reunions.

The first, the triennial, was held in the tutor's room in South college. But few were present except those who returned for the second degree. There was no banquet. Those present re-elected C. H. Buck president, J. C. Caldwell secretary, and appointed W. L. Montague assistant secretary, and voted to meet again in 1865.

At the second meeting, the decennial, held at the house of their classmate, Montague, there were present twenty of "the old roll of '55," with twelve ladies, wives of members of the class. An entertainment was given, the same class officers were re-elected, and it was voted to meet again and celebrate our vigintennial in 1875.

At the third re-union, July 6, 1875, there were present F. F. Brown, Dickinson, Dunlap, Farman, Hardon, Harris, Hartwell, Howard, Jocelyn, Kelsey, Lord, Montague, Orne, Porter,

Richardson, Strong, Thomas, Walton, Webster and Wheeler, twenty classmates, with nine ladies, wives of members of the class.

It was not one reunion simply, but a delightful series of reunions, a protracted meeting of three days. The first gathering was at the home of Professor Montague, the third at the home of Professor Harris. On both occasions an entertainment was given. The class supper was at the Amherst House.

At this reunion it was voted to establish a "prize scholarship of the class of '55," the annual income of which should be given to the two members of the Junior class who should have made the greatest improvement respectively in the departments of French and Chemistry, as determined by the professors in said departments. It was also voted to meet again on Tuesday of Commencement week in 1880, and the following officers were chosen for five years: President, E. A. Strong of Boston; vice-president, E. P. Harris of Amherst; secretary, W. L. Montague of Amherst.

At the fourth (quarter-centennial) reunion there were present sixteen members of the class, fourteen ladies, and the sons of Hughitt, Nason and Washburn. A complete report of this reunion, from the pen of Brother Howard, may be found in the "Quarter-centennial Record of the Class of Fifty-five," also the address of welcome by Brother Strong, and the poem by Brother Parsons. It was voted to meet again in five years (1885), and the following class officers were elected: E. P. Harris, president; A. S. Fiske, vice-president; W. L. Montague, secretary.

At the fifth reunion, June 30, 1885, in the home of the secretary, there were present Bissell, F. F. Brown and wife, Colton, wife and two daughters, Dickinson, Fiske, Hallock and daughter, Howard, Jocelyn, wife and adopted daughter, Montague

and wife, Strong, Webster and Woodworth, also Mrs. Thomas and son. The old class officers were re-elected.

The sixth regular reunion was held June 25, 1895, at the new house of Brother Dickinson, on Sunset avenue. There were present Boardman and son, Colton, Derby, Dickinson, wife and son, Dunlap, Fiske, Graves, Hardon, Harris and wife, Howard, wife and daughter, Lord and wife, Montague and wife, Strong and Mrs. Thomas.

At six o'clock we adjourned to the Amherst House for the "class supper."

THE SEMI-CENTENNIAL.

The semi-centennial reunion was considered by all present as a wonderful event, a happy success. As the days go by it will be a most precious recollection. That eighteen men out of thirty, scattered over the country and in other lands, should meet after fifty years was really something remarkable. The enforced absence of some was a matter of deep regret. One, detained by illness, wrote: "It was the greatest disappointment of my life; it is hard to be reconciled to it."

The first to appear at headquarters, the house of the secretary, on June 23, was Matthew McClung of Knoxville, Tenn., who had not been in Amherst before since he graduated in 1855. The occasion was to him one of pure enjoyment, of which he writes, "My trip to Amherst will remain with me to the end as decidedly the one trip of my life." Bridgman, from Pekin, Ill., and Farman, from Warsaw, N. Y., came on Saturday, others on Monday, but the first general meeting was on Tuesday morning, and proved to be one of the most enjoyable features of the reunion. It was well worth a long journey to take part in the greetings, the hand-shaking, of each newcomer as they came one after another into the home of the secretary; to note the study of faces, the effort to recognize



the boy of twenty years in the "old boy" of three score years and ten. In most cases the effort was successful, though time and toil had made great changes. A report was made in regard to the "prize scholarship," from which it appeared that \$2500 had been paid to students in scholarships and prizes, and that a balance of \$1150 had been transferred to the treasurer of the college. It was then voted that the word "prize" be dropped from the name of the scholarship, and that the annual income be assigned to some student who may be recommended by Professor Harris, while he remains connected with the college, and by the scholarship committee of the faculty thereafter. Also voted, that the secretary prepare and publish for classmates and friends a "Half Century Record of the Class of 1855," including all non-graduate members; also, to include half-tone pictures of those who would pay the extra expense of the plates and printing.

Mr. Kelsey then offered the following: "I am not aware, Mr. President, that we, as a class, have ever given our brother, Professor Montague, who has so long acted as class secretary, any expression of our appreciation of his services in our behalf. They have been long, unremitting and of exceeding value. We owe him much, and it is due to him and to us that we make him know and feel it. I therefore move that, as the least we can do, we give him a vote of thanks as roundly and as heartily as it is possible for us to do it. This was passed heartily and unanimously by a rising vote.

The seventeen then present took places in front of the veranda for a group photograph, as may be seen on the opposite page, in the following order, reading from left to right: First row, sitting—Colton, Boardman, Montague, Harris, McClung, Washburn, Hallock. Second row, standing—Fitch (leaning against the tree), Dunlap, Howard, Bridgman, Farman, Derby, Buck, Kelsey, Graves, Fiske. Brother Lord, detained in Boston by business, arrived after the picture was taken.

Of the other exercises of the reunion on June 27 and 28, Rev. Asa S. Fiske wrote the following report :

" In the afternoon at four o'clock we were gathered for a gracious reception at the residence of our classmate and class president, Professor Harris, who bothered us with no chemical analyses, but took us all in and covered us and filled us as well with courtesies, in which he was gracefully assisted by his wife, daughter and sons. At this reception the beloved Professor Crowell gladdened us by his presence, and grasping each by the hand declared that he was delighted to "*see*" us, though that vision was but with the eyes of the soul in the light of other days. (He has been blind many years.) After this reception we all trolleyed to our quiet little inn, under the slopes of Mt. Toby.

There, after the divine blessing had been invoked by Dr. Washburn, we partook, the favored eighteen, of a most admirably prepared, bountiful and delicious supper.

" With reminiscence and fun and all sorts of jokes, all went as merrily as did that other feast fifty years ago. All hearts seemed as young and as warm as then, though hairs were gray or thin. After the feast we adjourned to the new library presented to the town of Sunderland by our generous classmate, John L. Graves, a beautiful building filled with well chosen books and periodicals, and endowed by the donor in perpetuity for good service to his native town in grateful memory of his father and mother. Here we passed happy hours under the leadership of President Harris. Dr. Hasket Derby, our valedictorian, showed himself a poet and gave us a poem which speaks handsomely for itself in this booklet. Matt McClung, confederate chief of artillery in Bragg's army, gave us a finely patriotic specimen of the feeling of a representative of the old South and the new South as well, and was most enthusiastically applauded by every man of us. (A copy was requested for the

RECORD, but he reports that the manuscript was lost when returning from the supper.) Howard, too, from mathematician turned poet of no mean inspiration, as may be seen on other pages. President Washburn was wise and thoughtful; Farman, diplomatist, author and jurist, was too modest to talk; Montague, the faithful and laborious secretary, disclaimed any desert of the meed of praise so liberally bestowed. But time was too short for going over the old boy-days of college life. Through all, it was clear advancing years were not throwing a pall over the spirits of these old boys. Ripening time, maturing powers, rich experiences of life, had sobered but not saddened. It was easy to see that the deeper and fuller joys were replacing the earlier jubilations. We were growing young in spirit as we go up toward the eternal youth and buoyant in hope as we approach the final fruition.

"Wednesday morning we held a final meeting given to merry reminiscences of college days and life touches of later years, also listened to the reading of letters of regret at not being able to be present from eleven of our classmates and from four of our non-graduate members. We all realized that it was indeed a strange thing that thirty out of the fifty-six men who graduated fifty years ago are yet in the land of the living. Forming a circle, with Boardman as leader, we joined in a prayer of thanksgiving to God, then looked into each other's eyes, renewing brotherhood, clasped hands for most of us for the last time, but expecting to meet again—by and by—not then the eighteen or the thirty, but the fifty-six men of '55. Grant it in Thy grace, Blessed Lord.

Poem by Hasket Derby, M. D.

[Read at the semi-centennial reunion of the class of '55,
June 27, 1905.]

Once more we tread familiar ground, once more do we descry
The ancient line of serried peaks against the southern sky,
The river courses through the plain, the fields in sunlight glow,
All nature greets us with the smile of fifty years ago.

Since then we climbed the hill of life, the summit reached and passed,
Adown the western slope we speed, the shades are falling fast,
How short is our allotted span, for though the end is near,
The self same voice that *vale* said with *salve* greets you here.

The blood of age is growing cold and flows a sluggish stream,
The fires of youth that warmed it once no longer leap and gleam,
But rake the ashes o'er, my friends, perchance we then may find
Some glowing coals of memory, all lingering behind.

On wintry morn, at early dawn, we climbed the College Hill,
That doleful knell of chapel bell, methinks I hear it still,
And in my dream I ever seem to be the sport of fate,
The third alarm has died away and I arrive too late.

The good old Prex, I see him yet, I hear him pray and preach,
How fondly still do we recall those little tricks of speech,
For time with him "on eagle's wings" its steady course did hold,
"On slippery rocks the sinners stood, while fiery billows rolled."

He took us where the mastadon had trod Silurian ground,
Where plesiosaurus wooed his bride and mammoths frisked around.
Where pterodactyls loved to fly and monsters huge to roam,
He found their footprints on the rocks, and bade us bear them home.

Think of that winter Sunday when, after prayer and hymn,
 Prof. Tyler rose behind the desk, so kind and yet so grim.
 He thundered forth his chosen text in tone of withering scorn,
 "When will the Sabbath day be done, that we may sell our corn?"

Mind you how on Professor Clark we played our little game?
 Mt. Holyoke our rendezvous and botany our aim.
 How, by a strange coincidence, South Hadley sent its host,
 Of all the flowers we culled that day the tulips pleased us most.

The President received in state the class of fifty-six,
 Their enemies, he knew right well, were full of knavish tricks.
 For fear lest wicked Sophomores that night abroad should roam.
 Each member of the Faculty convoyed a Freshman home.

There mounted up South College steps a stripling and his guide,
 Alack a day! they noted not a window opened wide;
 Down came a rushing cataract and drenched them through and
 through.
 "Who rooms up there?" Prof. Warner cried, as dripping he with-
 drew.

That gentle spirit whom we mocked has passed away from earth,
 As boys we jeered, as men we grew to know his simple worth.
 Though quaint of garb and strange of speech, no truer man was seen.
 Green be the grass he lies beneath, his memory ever green.

Long since their earthly race was run, no more they greet us here,
 Those teachers true, and yet to me their presence still is near,
 I look to meet them on the street, once more to live they seem,
 These upstart men who don their robes are figures in a dream.

The sober Jewett goes his way, on Tacitus intent,
 The gentle Haven passes on, his gaze is earthward bent.
 Anon we spy a slender form, we knew and loved him well.
 And feared him, too, for all of you have quailed before Prof. Snell.

I wonder if the rules today are like the rules of yore,
 I wonder if the boys may dance, they never did before.
 For us the law Draconian, "who dancing school attends
 In term time, shall be fined, reprov'd, or sent back to his friends."

I wonder if they play at cards, exposed to public gaze,
 Or close the blinds and draw the shades, as in the ancient days.
 I wonder if they crib from Bohns, the rascals that they are,
 I wonder if the boys are made to study in Kai Gar.

I wonder if the monitors still mark the roll at prayer,
 Ah me ! the roll of fifty-five, full many a blank is there ;
 Bell, Bennett, Bissell, Boardman, Brown ; where are they all today ?
 Choate, Colton, Converse ; three are left, the rest have passed away.

The few who linger round this board have passed the years of man,
 The Psalmist's tale is all complete, short future now to scan.
 Close up the ranks, ye veterans, the battle front we line,
 The shot and shell come thick and fast, perchance the next is mine.

Too long my screed has wearied you, forgive its halting rhyme,
 And now we part, to meet no more upon the shore of time.
 But, *sursum corda*, brothers dear, lift up your hearts on high.
Ad Dominum habemus, I hear the glad reply.

We lift them up unto the Lord, He gives us length of days,
 His loving care will guide us yet in all our different ways.
 We pray He still may bless us here until our lives shall cease,
 And grant our brethren passed away refreshment, light and peace.

Poem by Rev. M. S. Howard.

[Read at the reunion of '55, June 27, 1905.]

Morituri Salutamus.

A poet *worthy* of the name
 Whose thoughts enshrined are household words,
 That thrill and echo in the heart
 Like twilight song of singing birds,

When fifty years had swiftly fled
 As shade from out the morning sky,
 His few surviving comrades hailed
 With, " We who are about to die."

I venture not to draw the bow
 Which stronger arms than mine have bent,
 Nor aim to reach the lofty heights
 Of grand and noble sentiment.

But rather in a quiet way,
 With those who with me yet survive,
 To breathe of hopes that *will not die*,
 But ever and forever *live*.

As one who on the mountain top
 Has reached the summit of his hopes,
 Looks down the long and weary path
 That winds across the rugged slopes,

And then out on the vast domain
 That stretches far, and wide, and clear,
 And upward to the vaster skies
 That close around a hemisphere.

We meet tonight across the years
 Which have so quickly come and gone,
 From southern plains and prairies vast,
 From fields of honor and renown.

From where the Bosphorus sparkles bright,
 And Egypt lifts its ruined pride,
 From battle front where valiant men
 For freedom and for truth have died.

The old familiar scenes remain,
 The mountains stand as once they stood,
 Encircling our Jerusalem,
 The radiant skies, the fields, the wood.

We gather round this festal board,
 With clasp of hand and hearty cheer,
 The long gone years anew recall,
 With now a smile and now a tear.

We climbers after earthly fame,
 And better still with honest zeal,
 Intent on grander, loftier aims
 That reach and grasp the common weel,

Survey the journey we have trod,
 With toilsome step and many a halt,
 Crowned with some measure of success,
 Yet flawed, alas, with many a fault.

Today in sweet forgetfulness
 We wander half a century back,
 And fail to realize how much
 Of manhood's strength and force we lack.

Not yet in spite of all our years
 Are we prepared to bend the knee,
 And bow before the high behest
 Of *Doctor Osler's* stern decree.

Nor own that we are weaker now
 Than when we struggled for the prize
 That hung so temptingly before,
 That seemed so golden to, our eyes.

When digging at the ancient roots,
 And conning conic sections' maze,
 We sat with trembling how to put
 Our answers in their fitting phrase.

Forgive me if I drop a tear,
 And lay the drooping Asphodel
 On Mathematics' sable urn,
 Where I so often fought—and fell.

Today we stand on College Hill,
 Not bent with age and flecked with gray,
 But stalwart as though fifty years
 Had never crowned us with their bay.

We forward look to visions bright,
 To fortune, fame and large success,
 To posts of power and influence,
 The fruit of rigid faithfulness.

Ah, well, perhaps not quite we gain
 What toil and service promised then,
 But something better comes to us
 In being *staunch and sturdy men*.

The work we've done, the words we've said,
 The inspiration of our lives,
 These, these will tell on human hearts,
 While faith endures and truth survives.

To us who still remain—and those
 Whose names are starred on yonder scroll,
 There lives the sacred Brotherhood,
 To last while years and ages roll.

For they never can be forgot
 Who early fell beside the way,
 Clad in life's armor, strong for fight,
 And valiant for the coming fray.

Nor those who late have left the field,
 After life's weary race was run,
 Joyous and grateful to receive
 The welcome from their Lord, Well done!

Gone from our sight, not from our hearts,
 Their names abide in memory yet,
 And linger like the light that shines
 In western skies when suns have set.

Time with its ceaseless tides will move,
 To large results for God and man,
 Truth will expand from age to age,
 And lighten every race and clan.

The grandeur of the passing days
 Will be eclipsed by greater light,
 That in its meed shall shine alike
 On shore and sea, by day and night.

It shall be ours to toil and pray,
 If need, to sacrifice and give,
 To do our best with steadfast aim,
 And chief of all, *to grandly live.*

Not we about to yield and die,
 To leave our work but just begun,
 To throw our mailed armor off
 At setting of the evening sun.

But more than ever *yet to live*,
 To breathe on hearts that are to beat
 When these material forms shall rest
 Beneath the clodded valley sweet.

These fifty years of work, and strife
 Of mind with mind, of brain with brain,
 Shall bring large fruitage to the world,
 And harvest from the scattered grain.

God bless our own, our native land,
 Home of the brave and loyal free,
 From North to South, from East to West,
 Refuge and shrine of liberty.

And God our Alma Mater bless,
 And give her years of large increase,
 Still may she shed on all the lands
 The gospel of goodwill and peace.

God bless the class of "Fifty-five,"
 The class that holds our warmest love,
 May sunshine with glad promise gild
 The lives of those that linger still,
 And late may they return above.*

* "Serus in caelum redeas." Horatii Flacci, Car., Liber I, 2.

Summary of Statistics.

ROLL OF THE CLASS, SEPTEMBER, 1851.

Ayers, Baker, Bennett, Bissell, Boardman, Bridgman, Brown, Caldwell, Choate, Cobb, Colton, Converse, Crowell (C. H.), Crowell (J. W.), Derby, Dickinson, Duncan, Dunlap, Evans, Fairchild, Fiske, Fitch, Gibbens, Graves, Hallock, Hardon, Hartwell, Hawley, Houghton, Howard, Howland, Hoyt, Hughitt, Jefferds, Jocelyn, Joy, Kelsey, Lane, Lombard, Lord, McClung, Melvin, Merrill, Montague (G. L.), Montague (W. L.), Moore, Packard, Parsons, Porter, Reynolds, Richardson, Shearer, Singleton, Sprague, Stickney, Strong, Thomas, Waldron, Washburn, Wheeler, Whitaker, Wilson, Woodworth. Total, 63.

The average age of the class on entering college was 19 years and 6 months. The oldest member was Woodworth, born Feb. 18, 1826. The youngest member was Derby, born June 29, 1835.

ROLL OF THE CLASS, AUGUST, 1855.

Bailey, Bell, Bennett, Bissell, Boardman, Bridgman, Brown (F. F.), Brown (S. E.), Buck, Caldwell, Choate, Colton, Crosswell, Denison, Derby, Dickinson, Dunlap, Farman, Fiske, Fitch, Gilbert, Graves, Hallock, Hardon, Harris, Hart, Hartwell, Howard, Hoyt, Hughitt, Jefferds, Jocelyn, Joy, Kelsey, Lord, McClung, Montague (W. L.), Nason, Noerr, Orne, Packard, Parsons, Porter, Prentice, Reynolds, Richardson, Singleton, Spinney, Sprague, Strong, Thomas, Walton, Washburn, Webster, Wilson, Woodworth. Total, 56.

LIST OF NON-GRADUATE MEMBERS OF THE CLASS.

Arnell, Ayres, Baker, Cobb, Converse, Cooke, Crowell (C. H.), Crowell (J. W.), Davis, Darling, Duncan, Evans, Fairchild, Gibbs, Gibbens, Hawley, Holland, Houghton, Howland, Hull,

Lane, Lombard, Mattice, Melvin, Merrill, Mixer, Montague (G. L.), Moore, Prince, Shearer, Stickney, Waldron, Wheeler, Williams, Whitaker. Total, 35. Total membership, 91.

Of the 63 who entered in September, 1851, 39 graduated. Twenty-eight others were connected with the class, of whom 17 graduated. Of the 35 who left the class, 9 graduated subsequently, Cobb (Dartmouth), Fairchild (Princeton), Gibbens (Harvard), Holland (Dartmouth), Mattice (Amherst, '56), Mixer and G. L. Montague (Williams), Stickney (Yale), Whitaker Middlebury).

ROLL OF THE CLASS AFTER FIFTY YEARS.

Bailey, Bennett, Boardman, Bridgman, Buck, Caldwell, Colton, Croswell, Derby, Dunlap, Farman, Fiske, Fitch, Graves, Hallock, Hardon, Harris, Howard, Jocelyn, Kelsey, Lord, McClung, Montague (W. L.), Noerr, Orne, Packard, Singleton, Strong, Washburn, Wilson. Total, 30.

NON-GRADUATES.

Cobb, Cooke, Fairchild, Hull, Lombard, Mattice, Montague (G. L.), Wheeler, Whitaker. Total, 9.

DEATHS OF GRADUATES BY DECADES.

Four in 1st—Gilbert, Hart, Hoyt, Jefferds.

Three in 2d—Choate, Prentice, Reynolds.

Three in 3d—Hartwell, Thomas, Walton.

Eleven in 4th—Bell, Bissell, Brown (F. F.), Brown (S. E.), Nason, Porter, Richardson, Spinney, Sprague, Webster, Woodworth.

Five in 5th—Denison, Dickinson, Hughitt, Joy, Parsons.

Of the non-graduates, five died while connected with the college—Converse, J. W. Crowell, Darling, Hawley, Howland, all in 1853, except Crowell, who died July 20, 1855.

APPOINTMENTS AND HONORS.

Speakers at the Prize Declamation, Aug. 10, 1852—Cobb, Fairchild, Stickney, Strong.

Speakers at the Prize Declamation, Aug. 9, 1853—Kelsey, McClung, Montague (W. L.), Washburn.

Appointments at Commencement, Aug. 9, 1855—Valedictory, H. Derby; Salutatory, W. L. Montague; Philosophical, 1st, J. L. Graves; 2d, Asa S. Fiske; 1st class orations, Boardman, Caldwell, Choate, Harris, Kelsey, Parsons, Sprague, Strong, Washburn; 2d class orations, Bissell, Dickinson, Dunlap, Hardon, Hughitt, Jefferds, Orne, Packard, Thomas; 3d class orations, Bell, F. F. Brown, S. E. Brown, Buck, Denison, Farman, Gilbert, Reynolds.

The preceding thirty appointees at Commencement, with Hartwell and Lord, constitute the thirty-two elected to Phi Beta Kappa.

HONORARY DEGREES.

LL.D.—Bissell, Farman, Harris, Nason, Washburn, Whitaker.

D.D.—Bissell, Fiske, Washburn, Whitaker.

Ph.D.—Harris, Montague, Nason, Orne.

LL.B.—Bridgman, Lord, McClung, Shearer.

M. D.—F. F. Brown, Colton, Derby, Hoyt, Nason, Porter, Reynolds.

M. A.—Arnell, Bell, Bennett, Bissell, Bridgman, F. F. Brown, S. E. Brown, Croswell, Derby, Dickinson, Farman, Fiske, Gibbens, Harris, Howard, Kelsey, Lord, Merrill, Montague, Nason, Noerr, Packard, Prentice, Strong.

PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.

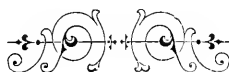
	Graduates.	Non-Graduates.	Total.
Theology,	22	5	27
Law,	13	7	20
Medicine,	6	4	10
Teaching,	9	2	11
Business,	4	8	12
Journalism,	1	1	2
Dentistry,	1		1
Died or unknown,		8	
Total,	56	35	91

Number of children of the class, 247.

Children of 43 graduates, 169; average to each family, 3.93.

Children of 20 non-graduates, 78; average to each family, 3.9.

Children graduates of Amherst, 9; of other colleges, 21.



ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

Page 17, line 11. After 1881, read having received the appointment
Sept. 15, 1880.

Page 34, line 7, *Von Graeffe* should read von Graefe.

Page 34, line 20, for *seven children* read eight children.

Page 75, line 8, for 28 read 25.

Page 75, line 15, after N. Y. read Died in Peoria, Ill., October 1, 1905.

Page 75, line 22, for *Old Library Building* read 300 Wisconsin Avenue.

Page 75, line 24, insert comma (,) after graduating.

Page 88, line 7, for 1900 read 1886.

Page 88, line 8, for *but does* read but he does.

Page 88, line 18, before *attainments* read distinguished.

Page 92, line 8, insert comma (,) after A. B.

Page 115, line 26, for *Martin* read Martyn.

Page 134, line 24, for *mastadon* read mastodon

Page 136, line 20, for *Dominum* read Dominum.

Page 142, line 22, insert Holland, before Hoyt.



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